TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

Frog
In the Throat
A cough or cold is removed and cured by DUGONG EMULSION. Sold only at the P.P.P.P. Always open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1894. No. 252

Purses,
Card Cases,
Cigarette Cases.

These are First-Class English Goods, in leather of assorted colors with Sterling Silver Mountings. We bought these goods away down in price and can give every buyer the advantage of close buying.

Challoner & Mitchell,
JEWELERS 47 Government Street.

GOLF CAPES and WATERPROOFS

Arrived per Kingston last night and are on view to-day (Wednesday) 17th inst.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

The Westside.

A

Stands for A. GREGG & SON, of Tailors the best.
Are you in need of clothing! Do you aim to be well dressed!
Just place with them an order—they'll do the rest.

C. H. STICKELS . . . . ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.
CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

A Few Things
For the Ladies and Children

MOTHERS OF BOYS.

We mean mothers of small boys must call and see about a pair of those Fauntleroy Leggings. They are very pretty—come up over the knee. They are of tan leatherette and the little fellows look so cute in them.

LADIES' LEGGINGS.

Long ones of dark cloth for ladies and misses, buttoned up the side. Very warm and comfortable for walking or driving. Then we have ladies' over-gaters, or spats—short—in various colors. Very neat for walking.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

A. B. Erskine,
Cor. Government and Johnson Sts.

APPROACHING DEATH.

The Czar's Condition Worse and His Death is Apparently Near at Hand.

Reported Death of Afghan Ameer—Japanese Movements in Corean Territory.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 18.—It is announced here that the czar has taken a decided change for the worse, his general debility and weakness of the action of the heart being more pronounced.

London, Oct. 18.—The Chronicle prints a rumor that the Indian government, in view of the reported death of the ameer, has started a column of soldiers on the march for the Khyber pass. The paper discredits the report.

Queenstown, Oct. 18.—The British ship Ainsdale, at this port from Tacoma, reports that on July 10th a heavy sea washed four of her crew overboard and they were lost. Several others of the crew were injured.

Berlin, Oct. 18.—A Constantinople dispatch says three Turkish warships are stationed at the entrance to the Bosphorus awaiting the passage of the czar on the way to Corfu.

Berlin, Oct. 18.—The emperor to-day presented the colors to one hundred and thirty-two regiments of troops. The presentation took place in front of the monument to Frederick the Great; weather rainy. The empress and King Alexander of Servia witnessed the ceremonies from the balcony of the palace of Emperor William I. In his address the emperor said: "The only pillar of the people is the army; unconditional discipline alone can hold the army together. This I demand and expect. May God grant us his victory." The emperor was heartily cheered. He subsequently reviewed the troops.

Paris, Oct. 18.—The Siecle, discussing the eastern war, says France cannot discuss the Corean question while the British hold Egypt.

London, Oct. 18.—The marriage of Miss Lucy Booth, daughter of General Booth, of the Salvation Army, to Colonel Hellberg, was celebrated at the barracks this morning.

A St. Petersburg dispatch confirms the report that the czar's trip to Corfu has been abandoned.

Simla, Oct. 18.—No confirmation of the report of the Ameer's death has been received.

London, Oct. 18.—A Port Arthur dispatch says the Japanese have advanced to Ping Yank inlet, which they are fortifying strongly. It is reported in naval circles that a great naval battle was fought north of the Yalu river on October 15th. Chinese officials say they have no knowledge of the fight.

HERRICK AT PILOT BAY.

The Smelter Supposed to be Nearly Ready for Work.

Nelson, Oct. 16.—E. W. Herrick, of Minneapolis, president of the Kootenay Mining and Smelting company, of Pilot Bay, arrived there on Saturday. This looks as if the smelter would soon be started, as it was announced some time ago that he would not come until about the time that it was ready to start. The assay office at Pilot Bay has been opened, with Assayer Wilson, of Butte, in charge.

The number of employes in the Bluebell mine has been increased to 25.

—Mrs. Teague entertained the members and friends of the Y. W. C. T. U. to the number of about 50 at her home last evening. Miss Bowes delivered an interesting address and several others who were present contributed musical numbers. It was decided to have Miss Watkins present a bouquet to Lady Aberdeen on the occasion of that distinguished lady's visit here with her husband, his excellency Lord Aberdeen. The evening was greatly enjoyed by all present.

THE RUINED RAFT.

Tug Monarch Arrives at 'Frisco and Reports the Loss.

San Francisco, Oct. 18.—The tug Monarch, which started from Astoria for Oakland with a raft of piles five hundred and twenty-five feet long and thirty feet deep, arrived this morning without her tow. The tug reports having had a rough experience, and was several times in danger of being lost. After leaving Astoria the tug encountered a succession of gales, and 83 hours from her departure the huge raft commenced breaking to pieces. Finally only seventy-five feet of the raft was left, and the Monarch, which had momentarily been in danger of being wrecked by the drifting piles and the surging of the craft, cut loose and steamed away. The total loss is estimated at one hundred thousand dollars.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP BOOKS!—Books bought, sold, exchanged and lent. Corner Broughton and Langley streets. oct18-2t

LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Liberal Association will be held in the rooms at the Philharmonic hall to-morrow (Friday) evening, at 8 o'clock. As business of importance will come up a large attendance of members is requested.

G. L. MILNE,
o18-2 President.

AN OTTAWA SUICIDE.

A Civil Service Clerk Thinks Life Not Worth Living.

Ottawa, Oct. 18.—Charles Judd a young man 24 years of age, a clerk in the agricultural department, appointed on the temporary list in July, 1890, was found dead in his boarding house, Victoria street, at six o'clock this morning, with a bullet hole in his right temple and a revolver smoking and firmly grasped in his right hand. No explanation can be made for his having taken his life. He was temperate in his habits, but given to melancholy. His father died a year ago and left him some money. He is a brother to Judd, Q. C., London. An inquest is going on.

EASTERN CANADA.

Mercier's Dying Hours—The Late Mr. Elmenhurst's Will.

Montreal, Oct. 18.—It is learned on unimpeachable authority that the late Mr. Elmenhurst died worth over a million. His income last year from the St. Lawrence Sugar Company alone was in the neighborhood of $70,000. The will of the deceased leaves everything to the widow, provided that she does not marry again. In the event of Mrs. Elmenhurst marrying again the estate is to go to the children.

Toronto, Oct. 18.—Thomas Wilson, for many years manager of the Methodist book publishing house, is dead.

Montreal, Oct. 18.—There was a sudden change for the worse in Mercier's condition yesterday, and he became delirious. His physicians say that his end is only a question of a short time.

Later—Honore Mercier is now very low and sinking fast. It is thought the end is at hand, and therefore the doctors have permitted his removal from Notre Dame hospital to his home. His death may be expected at any time.

HYDRAULICING AT YALE.

The Water Supply Scheme Devised by the Company.

New Westminster, Oct. 18.—The schooner Sallie arrived to-day from San Francisco to load lumber for the same port at the Brunette mills.

Robert Reid, barrister, was married to Miss Lillie Mackenzie at Clover valley yesterday.

Gordon and Yale creeks are to be united and the water carried by a steel main across the Fraser to wash the rich gold bearing flats opposite Yale for hydraulicing purposes. The cost of the work will be $10,000. The promoters are Americans.

FOUGHT A DUEL.

Two Men Try to Settle a Quarrel in the Streets of Brooklyn

New York, Oct. 18.—As an outcome over a set of harness, Theodore Medis, 25 years old, and Charles Schuter, a 17-year-old boy, fought a duel last night at the corner of Cleveland and Worthman avenues, Brooklyn. Medis was armed with a double-barrelled shot gun and Schuter with a revolver. Both men fired twice at each other, but the bullets went wide of their mark. A bullet from Schuter's revolver struck Lewis Halbeck, a three-year-old child, in the ear. Medis lives in a house near where the duel took place. Schuter lives on Wyona street, near the eastern parkway. Six months ago they quarrelled over a set of harness, which Schuter purchased from Medis. Last night the men met in front of Medis' house and the quarrel was renewed. The latter rushed into his house and seizing his gun, ran into the street and fired at Schuter. The latter returned the fire with the result as told above. Both men were immediately arrested.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

News by Wire From All Parts of the Globe.

The Tredegar iron works at Richmond, Va., were [illegible] $150,000. The works made cannon for the confederacy.

Mrs. Emmett has been awarded an absolute divorce from her husband, Jos. K. Emmett, the actor. The actor must pay his wife fifty dollars per week.

A train on the Baltimore & Ohio road struck a stick of dynamite placed at Long Run bridge last evening. The explosion mangled the track and threw off one of the front wheels of the engine. The passengers were badly shaken up, but none were injured.

A train on the St. Paul railroad at Byron, Ill., struck a carriage at a road crossing containing Mrs. George Eddis and a painter. Both were killed.

Miscellany.

"In assuming an alias, Captain Henry W. Howgate did just what nearly all criminals who take new names do," remarked an old detective to a Post man yesterday: "that is, used a part of his own name. 'Harry Williams,' the newspapers say, was the name he assumed in New York. When a man has to take an alias, he must have a name which will come quickly to his tongue until he becomes familiar with it. So he used his middle name or a name similar to his Christian name, or sticks to his title in some way in almost every case. Sometimes he will use his wife's maiden name or his mother's maiden name. Many a crook has been caught by this."

VICTIM OF TOADSTOOLS

A Former Attache of the Chinese Legation at Washington Poisons Himself.

Resident of Ottawa Takes His Own Life—Other Tragic Deaths and Suicides.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 18.—Chung Yong Ting, an attache of the Chinese legation under Minister Tsui Kwoi Yong, but removed because of the Count Mitkiewiez troubles, died suddenly yesterday, from the effects of eating a toadstool by mistake in place of a mushroom. Ting went to a fire in the suburbs of Tenallytown yesterday, and on his way home through the fields he gathered a mess of what he took to be mushrooms. Portions were sent to a number of his friends in society and the rest were turned over to Mitkiewiez's cook to prepare for last night's dinner. The count's family ate sparingly of the dish, but Ting made the "mushrooms" the main feature of his meal. Ting was seized with violent pains late in the night, and physicians who were hurriedly summoned were unable to give him relief. He died in great agony at 2 o'clock. Ting was 35 years old. He joined Dr. Sutherland's Presbyterian church two weeks ago, and to-day the doctor preached his funeral sermon. The body was placed in a vault. The bones, according to the Chinese custom, will be taken back to China. Mrs. Mitkiewiez received word to-day from some of the friends who had received some of the mushrooms that they had been taken ill after eating them, but had recovered. They warned the count's wife against eating them, as they were toadstools. No member of the Chinese legation was at the funeral.

EXTRAORDINARY SUICIDE.

An Affianced Couple Die Together in a Bath House.

Seacliffe, La., Oct. 18.—The dead bodies of Miss Mary Duff and her betrothed husband, Elliott L. Titus, of Brooklyn, were found last night in the bath house belonging to the young lady's father. Titus left the Duff residence accompanied by Mary on Tuesday evening, and since then nothing has been seen of either of them until found in the bath house. Bullet wounds in the heads of both told the story of what caused their deaths. The clothes of the girl were neat and tidily arranged, and the theory is that Titus, after shooting the girl arranged her clothing and then suicided. There is no apparent cause for the crime.

The result of the autopsy showed that Miss Duff died from the effects of chloroform administered by Titus, but it is thought without murderous intent. He had previously prescribed for headaches, from which the woman suffered. It is believed he gave her an over dose, from which she died, and then he shot himself. No pistol wound was found on the woman, as previously reported. The blood on Miss Duff's face and clothing came from Titus' wounds. Titus was a son of the late Colonel Titus, the founder of Titusville, Florida. His mother was prominent in society circles. Titus was heir to a fortune.

A COSTLY EXPERIMENT.

Severe Punishment for Merely Asking a Kiss.

The police court reports in the London papers sometimes quote the price of a kiss, which usually ranges from half a crown to half a sovereign, according to the temperament of the magistrate. How ridiculously cheap this is will be seen from the following account of the cost of merely asking for a kiss, which has been sent to me from India:

"Probably you will hardly credit the story, but it is quite true, and, though the names are withheld by the Allahabad paper which gives the facts, the parties are well known. An officer of the Madras medical service was holding one of the most desirable civil surgeoncies in the province, and there he received a visit from a civilian and his wife. While driving with the lady in a dogcart the [illegible] wrong, especially as there was a native servant sitting behind the couple, and he met with the stern repulse which his impudence and imprudence invited. This exemplary woman afterwards wrote to the doctor that she had told her husband of his conduct. The doctor then wrote an abject apology, which the husband submitted to the Madras government. Without being allowed to say a word on his own behalf, the doctor was forthwith officially advised to resign the service to avoid dismissal. Since then the Madras government has been induced to modify its decision. The offender is graciously permitted to serve the further nine months necessary to qualify him for the lowest scale of pension, but he has been transferred from his civil surgeoncy back to military service and packed off to a remote station in upper Burmah."—London Truth.

The will of Mrs. Christine M. Lathrop Gunning, late of Saratoga and legatee of $100,000 under the will of her uncle, Senator Stanford, has been admitted to probate. She leaves the property in trust for her children.

At Republican headquarters in New York it is said arrangements had been made for McKinley's tour of New York state.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

HIS GRANDFATHER'S MEMORIAL

The German Emperor Unveils the Monument Erected at Wiesbaden.

Wiesbaden, Prussia, Oct. 17.—This pretty watering place, at the foot of the Taurus mountains, was crowded with loyal and enthusiastic Germans yesterday, and the town itself was brilliant with holiday bunting in honor of the visit of Emperor William, who arrived in the afternoon to unveil the monument erected to the memory of his grandfather, Emperor William I., and to open the splendid royal theatre. This latter, which has been erected by the enterprising town, is one of the finest in Germany. It is built of yellow sandstone and is surmounted by statues, the work of celebrated sculptors. Inside the new theatre the decorations are beautiful. They were designed by some of the best German artists. Off the royal box is a little room made to represent the cabin of the emperor on board the imperial yacht. This little apartment is the emperor's own idea. The royal theatre at Wiesbaden cost four million marks, and his majesty grants it an annual subsidy of two hundred and fifty thousand marks.

For several days past visitors have been pouring into the town, and the hotels to-day are so packed with guests that the smallest attic room commands a fabulous price. The windows overlooking those portions of the city which the emperor was to pass were eagerly sought after, and, as the afternoon approached, began to fill with ladies in bright toilets, accompanied by their escorts. These windows were prominently decorated. The streets began to fill with people at an early hour, and by noon all the main thoroughfares were crowded with townsfolk and visitors, among whom were a number of foreigners. The streets which the emperor was to pass through were richly and beautifully decorated with Venetian masts at intervals. In addition several elaborate arches of artistic design were erected at intervals along the streets. The town itself spent a large sum in preparations to welcome his majesty, and nearly every householder in Wiesbaden did the same, with the result that the charming place rarely, if ever, looked more brilliant than to-day.

Emperor William was formally received by Mayor Von Ibel. He was accompanied by a suite of sixteen persons, including the chiefs of the military and civil cabinets and his aides de camp, Von Moltke and Von School. The party proceeded in open carriages through the Wilhelmstrasse to the south front of the new theatre, opposite to which stands the statue erected in honor of Emperor William I., the present emperor's grandfather. A guard of honor, composed of non-commissioned officers from the Biebrich school, escorted the emperor through the streets, which were lined with troops and police, the greatest precaution being taken by both military and civil authorities to prevent any unpleasant incident occurring during the emperor's journey from the railroad station. The festivities were somewhat marred by the fact that the weather was dull and cold. The emperor wore the uniform of the Leib Hussars, with the skull and crossbones helmet, and a gray overcoat faced with red.

On arriving on the platform his majesty gave the signal for the singing to commence. While the male chorus was singing, and afterwards while the mayor was making his speech of welcome, Emperor William stood quietly looking over the crowd, apparently interested in everything he saw. At the conclusion of the mayor's speech his majesty replied in a few well chosen words, and then ordered the statue to be unveiled. As the drapery slowly descended his majesty kept his right hand at salute, and his example was followed by all the officers present. It was noticed, however, that the emperor did not appear to entirely approve of the statue or of the position which it occupies. He conversed for a long time earnestly with those around him, kept pointing toward the statue, and then walked slowly around it. Returning to the pavilion, the emperor had the guard of honor march past again, this time with the parade march. Afterwards the emperor shook hands cordially with the mayor and others, and drove to the palace amid loud cheers. After dinner Emperor William went with his suite to the new theatre, where the audience was composed entirely of invited guests. The first row of the dress circle was reserved exclusively for ladies, as at the gala performances in Berlin. After the performance the emperor supped with Rittmeister Von Hulson, director of the theatre, at his house on Sonnenberger strasse [illegible] p. m. his majesty left for Berlin by special train, to be present at the ceremonies attendant on the arrival at the capital of King Alexander of Servia. Wiesbaden is brilliantly illuminated in all quarters this evening.

OLD COUNTRY GOSSIP.

The British Metropolis—Hospital Nurses—The Bicycle Fad.

London, Sept. 29.—Considerable progress has been made with the work in connection with the underground railway which, passing under the Thames, is to connect the city with the Waterloo terminus. Huge staging has been erected near Blackfriars Bridge, and a shaft is being sunk in the river bed through which it is proposed to conduct all the tunneling operations. In this way there will be no necessity to disturb the surface of the ground at all. The excavated material will be brought up the shaft and shot into barges, and the tunnelling will go on silently and expeditiously until one fine morning the city will awaken to the fact that it has yet another underground means of communication with the outer world.

The familiar way of indicating the vastness of London is to mention the extent of the metropolitan area, and to speak of the five or six million of people who sleep within its confines every night, but its immensity has been illustrated in a new way. It appears that, placed end to end in a continuous line the streets of London would extend from the Mansion House across the entire continent of Europe and beyond the Ural mountains into Asia, while the number of inhabitants exceed the population of Paris, Berlin, Vienna and Rome put together. And notwithstanding its immense population, London is one of the healthiest cities in the world.

It is rumored that Sir William Gordon-Cumming has finally decided to leave this country and settle in America. He endeavored to recover a position in the social world but totally failed, and the isolation to which he has been for some time subject has rendered existence almost unbearable. The leasing of Altyre, his beautiful county seat in Morayshire, is the first step towards his departure. His courageous and popular wife is an American with numerous friends in the States, and they hope to receive the social recognition across the water which is now denied them here.

The extent to which young women are now flocking to the hospitals for the purpose of being trained as nurses is shown by some remarkable figures which have just been brought to my notice. At one of the large London hospitals no less than 5000 applications to enter the nursing training home attached to the institution were received in the course of last year. This seems an enormous record for one hospital, but the same is true in a degree of all the other general hospitals. At another institution, containing less than 150 beds, more than 800 applications were received within two months of the present year. The result is, as might be expected, that the supply of eligible women as nurses so far exceed the demand that there is usually a long delay before an applicant is called upon to fill a vacancy. Experience shows that few undertakings have within recent years proved so successful as a means for the employment of female energy as that of nursing.

Lord De Saumarez, a popular Suffolk peer, has stated that owing to the heavy burdens imposed on land by Sir William Harcourt's last budget he cannot afford to keep up his home farm at Shrublands, near Ipswich, and he is at present disposing of his live stock, and in a short timeoverahundre ,.: 9458.. in a short time over a hundred people will be out of employment. Lord De Saumarez has stated that when he has finally severed his connection with his estate he will be unable to continue the pensions to the old servants.

News of considerable interest to the yachting community is that Mr. A. B. Walker, owner of the twenty rater Thelma, has decided to build a new yacht of the largest class, with a view to competing in next season's races. Mr. A. B. Walker is a son of the late Sir Andrew Walker, Bart., whose steamer, the Cuhona, was in her early days a notable vessel, both for design and luxuriousness of appointments. The Cuhona is still in commission and is on a trip with Mr. A. B. Walker on board. The design of Mr. Walker's new cutter, which is to be of not less than 160 rating, and larger than the Britannia, has been entrusted to Mr. W. Fife, jun., the naval architect of the Clyde, and owing to her great size it will not be possible to build her in the Fairlie yard, but one of the larger yards will have to be employed for the purpose.

The programme for next week's festival at Birmingham is universally admitted to be one of the very best ever submitted to a Midland audience. Dr. Hans Richter, who superintends the direction, is a veritable musical giant, who has been among us so often and so long that he almost regards himself as an Englishman. The whole of this week he is dividing his time at rehearsals, one half the day in Birmingham and the other in London. Only fast express trains and an iron constitution enable him to do this. The chief new work will be "King Saul," by Dr. Parr, and Mr. Henschel's "Stabat Mater." Berlioz's "Te Deum," Schumann's "Faust," and Goring Thomas' "Swan" and "Skylark" are down for hearing and are in active rehearsal. What between Worcester, Hereford, Gloucester, Norwich and Birmingham, to say nothing of the Albert hall, who shall say that England is not at the present moment in the foremost van of progress.

So popular has become the bicycle with the gentler sex that it is almost impossible now to take a walk in the West End without coming across a lady on wheels. The mystery has up to the present been as to where do they learn. Each lady cyclist does not possess a brother or a back yard. Schools for learning the machine have not yet been established, and though the makers of [illegible] for giving them tuition, I find that such accommodation is not greatly utilized. But I think I have solved the problem. At the Alhambra the other night Brother Charles said to Brother Henry Donati, who was at the time impersonating a flighty female, "Good evening, dear; so you are still in the circus?" "Sir, you wrong me," was the reply, "I am now on the square." And as the point of a tale lies in its application, so does the present one. It is on the Square that the maiden lady learns the cycle. In these secluded resorts can now nightly be seen scores of fair ladies learning the mysteries of the iron horse. A strong male accompanies each, and it is surprising to note what an amount of holding up the ladies require.

Dandruff is due to an enfeebled state of the skin. Hall's Hair Renewer quickens the nutritive functions of the skin, healing and preventing the formation of dandruff.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully

MATCHES. WE MAKE THE BEST.

Why? We have the Experience.
We have the Facilities.

These Reasons and our Products Put Us in the Fore.

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES

JAMES MITCHELL, - Agent, - Victoria.

SUPPRESSING GAMBLING.

A Reform Crusade in Cincinnati, Chicago and Elsewhere.

Cincinnati, Oct. 17.—The reform wave is still dashing its spray about this city and to-day it cast up its first offering, a policeman, and with his appearance also came revelations that the Municipality Reform League was at work, and that the boy, Charles Pelton, "The Fighting Preacher," is their detective. Pelton is known as the "man without fear." He has given up his charge and will devote his entire time to the reform work. It is also announced that Rev. Dr. Lockwood, pastor of the leading Baptist church here, will start a Parkhurst movement. The fight against Oakly has not yet begun, but it is ominous. It is an open secret that five policemen from Covington have put up $20,000 to knock out pool-selling.

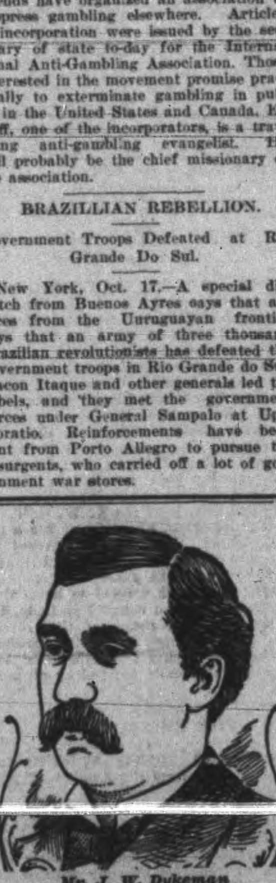
Covington, Ky., Oct. 17.—Now that pools have been driven out of the city, a crusade against "policy" is being agitated. This is headquarters of all "policy" drawings in the United States east of Denver. Everybody here plays "policy" and the daily income of the octopus is enormous. Its chief owner, "Policy Bill Smith," of Cincinnati, a great club man, who lives in one of the finest houses in the land. He got his charter on the plea of opening a mill of some sort and has made a fortune.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Having given the authorities valuable assistance in suppressing gambling in Chicago, the Rev. Dr. William G. Clark and some of his friends have organized an association to suppress gambling elsewhere. Articles of incorporation were issued by the secretary of state to-day for the International Anti-Gambling Association. Those interested in the movement promise practically to exterminate gambling in public in the United States and Canada. Ed Goff, one of the incorporators, is a travelling anti-gambling evangelist. He will probably be the chief missionary of the association.

BRAZILLIAN REBELLION.

Government Troops Defeated at Rio Grande Do Sul.

New York, Oct. 17.—A special dispatch from Buenos Ayres says that advices from the Uuruguayan frontier says that an army of three thousand Brazilian revolutionists has defeated the government troops in Rio Grande do Sul. Bacon Itaque and other generals led the rebels, and they met the government forces under General Sampalo at Upamoratio. Reinforcements have been sent from Porto Allegro to pursue the insurgents, who carried off a lot of government war stores.



Mr. J. W. Dykeman
St. George, New Brunswick.

After the Grip

No Strength, No Ambition

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Perfect Health.

The following letter is from a well-known merchant tailor of St. George, N. B.:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills have done me a great deal of good. I had a severe attack of the grip in the winter, and after getting over the fever I did not seem to gather strength, and had no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved to be just what I needed. The results were very satisfactory, and I recommend this medicine to all who are afflicted with rheumatism or other

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

afflictions caused by poison and poor blood. I always keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house and use it when I need a tonic. We also keep Hood's Pills on hand and think highly of them." J. W. DYKEMAN, St. George, New Brunswick.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists

HURRAH!
ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI
Is the best thing in the world for Athletes.
It allays thirst and invigorates the system.
Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you

VISIT TO BRITISH COLUMBIA

RUPTURED AND DEFORMED PEOPLE

CHAS. CLUTHE, of 134 King St. West, Toronto, will make his 5th annual visit to British Columbia. Defies any Rupture he cannot hold with ease. Patentee of 27 Patents on appliances for cure of Club Feet and all Deformities. Recommended by Physicians everywhere. Will visit personally, NANAIMO, B.C., Wilson Hotel, Saturday, October 20th. VICTORIA, B.C., Driard House, Mon., Tues. and Wed., October 22nd, 23rd and 24th.

ESTABLISHED 1871

Annual Exhibition!

N. & S. Saanich Agricultural Soc'y
October 18 and 19.

HORSE RACES second day and BALL in in the evening, tickets $2.

Trains leave Hillside avenue at 8 a.m. and 1 p.m. o10

Queen City Building Loan and Saving Association.

The adjourned fourth annual general meeting of the shareholders of the above association will be held in the Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Monday, the 22nd October, 1894, at 8 p.m.

BUSINESS:

To receive the report of the Board of Directors and the statement of the Secretary; to elect officers for the ensuing year and the dispatch of such other business as may come before the meeting. By order.

B. WILLIAMS,
Oct. 13-td Secretary.

CAMPBELL & CO.,

THE FASHIONABLE TAILORS,

Are now well opened up with a larger and better stock than ever. Facilities for making First-Class Clothing only.

A full line of fall and winter goods. Everything New, Fresh and Neat; at the old stand.

NO 88 GOVERNMENT STREET.
813-tf

My Annual Importation of
DUTCH BULBS
Have arrived from Holland, and are very fine.
Also very fine Lawn Grass Seed.
This year's crop.
WM. DODDS, Florist and Seedsman
127 Fort Street. o12-1m

Butter!
Large consignments arriving weekly by refrigerator car.
J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
26 Yates Street.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of [illegible] Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and [illegible] all diseases caused [illegible] youth. Six boxes are guaranteed [illegible] other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL Co. [illegible] Sold and [illegible] LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. aug23

Before. After.

NOTICE.

In addition to my Agency for WELLS FARGO & CO., I am now prepared to receive Express matter of every description for transmission daily to SEATTLE, TACOMA, SPOKANE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS and other points in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN COMPANY.

MONEY ORDERS issued payable at 15,000 cities and special facilities for the payment of MONEY BY TELEGRAPH.

GOLD DUST and BARS purchased.

AGENCY of the Canton Insurance Office (Marine) of Hongkong.

F. H. WORLOCK,
Agent for Wells, Fargo Co,
18 Trounce Avenue. oi

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jewellier,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

NOLTE'S PATENT

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing
JOHN DODD,
jel-tf-d&w Nanaimo, B. C.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Real Estate.

WANTED—$2,000 on mortgage at 6 per cent. Interest guaranteed.
HOUSE AND LOT on Quadra street, $1,000; $150 cash; balance at $15 per month; no interest.
7 ACRES (Snaps) 3 miles from city; good land, $1,250.
3 1-2 ACRES (Snaps) 3 1-2 miles from city; good land, $525.
[illegible] land, $1,000.
160 ACRES (Snaps) $720.
5 1-2 ACRES (Snaps) 3 miles from city; good land; will exchange for house and lot in city; (clear deeds.)
FARM (GOOD), 100 acres—30 under cultivation; new house with outbuildings; only 7 miles from city; only $5,500 to a quick buyer; terms, $2,000; balance in mortgage at 8 per cent.
FARM, 100 acres, about 25 acres are now cleared, with house and stabling, etc.; price, $5,000; good terms; or will lease to good man for five years.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station.

Gold and Silver Extraction.

The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld., of Glasgow (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process),

Is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.

All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.

All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

More Trouble in Regard to the North Ward School.

The board of school trustees met at four o'clock yesterday afternoon, the first business being the acceptance of the resignation of R. J. Hawkey, principal of the Spring Ridge school. Mr. Hawkey explained that the primary reason for his resignation was because of the unjust treatment he had received at the last meeting of the board when the children's parade was discussed. At that meeting Mr. Hawkey explained that his children had not taken part in the parade simply because he had not been invited to take part. Mr. Hawkey's explanation was considered satisfactory by a majority of the board but the minority handled him without gloves.

Chairman Hayward said there had been complaints that the home lessons given by the teachers of the girls central school were too long. Miss Williams, the principal and Miss Barron, whose division was particularly complained of, had sent the following explanation:

Miss Williams, principal of the school, wrote: "In reply to your communication I beg to enclose Miss Barron's explanation. I should like to say in reference to the complaint made as to lengthy lessons in the second division, that those assigned are not too many for a pupil well prepared for the work of the second division. Miss Barron has at present at least eight scholars manifestly unfitted to undertake the work of her room, a result I consider of the plan of allowing all to write at the annual examinations. The principals of the various schools intend, I believe, to meet in the near future to discuss this vexed question and the results of that meeting will doubtless be forwarded to the board. I can truthfully say, as regards the girls' central school that much better grading can be done under the old system of trusting the selection of candidates to the discretion of the teachers."

Miss Barron's explanation stated: "That with the present length of the limit, and more especially during the short term, I find it almost impossible to shorten the lessons and still thoroughly cover the required ground. The difficulty I have at present to contend with is that some of the pupils are quite equal to the work, while others are manifestly unable to prepare it properly. These backward pupils would be better for another term in the lower grade and would then have formed better material for the class. I would therefore respectfully suggest that it be not compulsory for every pupil to attempt the written examinations. In this way some merely obtain the required percentage (only that and nothing more), by dint of very great application during the term, and in these instances the groundwork is not sufficiently strong to enable them to take up the higher work with ease."

After a short discussion a motion was passed giving teachers discretion as to lessons.

A communication from Mr. Earle, assignee of A. J. Rowbotham, asking payment for 103 cords of wood, was referred to the board's solicitor.

There was some trouble between Architect Day and Mr. Russell, the contractor for covering the boiler and pipes at the north ward school. Mr. Day contended that Mr. Russell was using sawdust in his covering and Mr. Russell held that this was necessary to make a good job. The explanation was considered satisfactory and Mr. Russell was allowed to complete the work with the material he had already used.

Mr. Haggerty, the contractor for grading the north ward school grounds, was instructed to complete the work according to specifications, with the addition of a couple of gully traps.

PLAIN JOHN SMITH.

But His Shirt Saved the Officers and Crew of the Otago.

New York, Oct. 17.—It was John Smith and his shirt that brought rescue to John Landry and his crew of fifteen of the full rigged ship Otago, overtaken by a hurricane on the 25th of September, and wrecked on the 17th, from which, just as she was foundering, the captain and officers and crew were forced to jump for their lives. The Otago, laden with 1600 tons of coal, was bound for Havana, was five days out from Philadelphia and about off Charleston, when a terrific hurricane came up from southern waters full upon her. Great seas swept over her sides and soon the bulwarks on the weather side were swept away. Sails had been reefed and everything done to ease the ship, but the waves struck her with such force that she sprung a leak. The windmill pumps were set to work and then the crew in divisions were put to work on the hand pumps. The storm increased in fury, and in spite of the two pumps the water in the hold gained upon the men. The struggle went on for two days, until on the evening of the 27th there were eleven feet and a half of water in the hold. It was just getting dusk when Captain Landry, Chief Officer Warren and Second Officer John Smith and the crew climbed over the spanker boom and half jumped, half dropped into their 22 foot boat. They had no time to take any clothing save that on their bodies, and still less time to get out provisions, and only space enough in the boat for scant supply of corned beef and biscuits. In this condition they pulled away from the vessel, and soon after they left her the mainmast went crashing over the side. They swung a lantern from as high up on the boat as they could and trusted to hailing a passing ship. On the night of the 28th they made out a vessel in the distance, but so far away that her officers could not see the one small lantern on the Otago's boat. After another exhausting day the lights of a second vessel were sighted. The men in the boat swung their lantern high, but it was blown out. It was then that Second Officer Smith [illegible] his back, tied it to a piece of an oar, saturated it with oil from the useless lantern and setting fire to it with one of the few remaining matches, swung it aloft and waved it. In a few minutes the vessel, which proved to be the Empress, of Philadelphia, changed her course to come towards the Otago's boat. The men pulled their best, and it was not long before the Empress had come alongside and her sailors had helped to drag the men of the Otago on board. The Empress landed the men, almost naked, in Kingston, where they were fitted out with clothing and otherwise cared for by the British authorities. They were then put aboard the fruiter Andes, which sailed from Kingston last Wednesday, and last night they were landed in New York. On the way up the Captain of the Andes passed the ship Wallace Boyd of Philadelphia as she was lying wrecked on the rocks off the island of Navassa. Her crew is being taken care of at the Navassa settlement.

LET OFF EASILY.

Leist, Who Brutally Treated Men and Whipped Women, on Trial.

Potsdam, Oct. 17.—The disciplinary court yesterday tried ex-Chancellor Leist, formerly German administrator of the Cameroons district in West Africa. The court acquitted Leist of causing a mutiny of native troops, but was convicted of abusing his authority and im[illegible] transferred to a minor post and have his salary reduced one-fourth. The charges brought against ex-Chancellor Leist were of the most startling character and attracted wide attention in March and April last. For instance, a socialist paper in Berlin in April published extracts from the diary of a German resident of the Cameroons, among them being statements tending to show that Herr Wehlan, the governor's substitute, who led an expedition against the natives, issued an order to his subordinates directing them to cut the throats of all the women who fell into their hands. The other natives who were unfortunate enough to be captured were conveyed on shipboard, where they were bound to the rail of the vessel, the chains which held them being drawn so tight that in many instances when the flesh began to swell they cut deep into the legs and arms of the prisoners, who were poorly protected and exposed to the tropical heat, with their wounds festering and breeding maggots. The frantic appeals of the prisoners for water were brutally refused, and when the captives were half dead they were shot down like wild beasts. Leist was also charged with flogging native women, which act led to the revolt of the troops, during which the latter broke into the government house and shot down a judge whom they mistook for the assistant governor. For this about twenty-five of the rebels were afterwards executed. Herr Leist was recalled on an appeal, with a summons from the government ordering him to surrender himself to the authorities in Berlin, and perhaps to defend the accusations made against him.

Leist denied that the flogging of women was the immediate cause of the mutiny of the native troops. He admitted the truthfulness of the charges of immorality as regards native women, and said he had made the latter perform their native dances before him. The public prosecutor, who went to the Cameroons to inquire into the affair, addressed the court, declaring that Leist had set all moral principles at defiance.

London, Oct. 16.—A Berlin dispatch to the Times says the extraordinary judgment in the Leist case, which virtually admits that Leist was justified in flogging women, may be good law, but it certainly will not be endorsed by public opinion.

A dispatch to the Post from Berlin says the result of the trial will be received throughout the empire with a storm of bitter indignation and angry derision. It will strengthen the socialistic cause.

The Eastern War.

Shanghai, Oct. 17.—Col. Von Hanneken, formerly aide-de-camp of Li Hung Chang, who was wounded while acting as adviser to the Chinese admiral in command at the naval battle fought off the Yalu river, is said to be in a dangerous condition, blood-poisoning having set in. Col. Von Hanneken had so far recovered as to be able to return to duty when a relapse prostrated him.

San Francisco, Oct. 17.—When the steamer Gaelic sailed for the Orient yesterday she carried about $750,000 in silver consigned to China, where it will be used in paying off the army. Most of the cargo was for Japan. The hold was filled with canned meats, and the supposition is that it is meant for supplies for the Japanese army in Corea. The Gaelic carried away 500 Chinese and 100 Japanese. The Chinese say they are going home for the holiday festivities, while the battle field is the destination of most of the Japanese.

New York, Oct. 17.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says: "Fifteen thousand troops under Field Marshal Otama are encamped on Regent's Sword promontory, to the north of Port Arthur and within sight of that naval stronghold. They are waiting for a favorable moment to move forward, while outside the port the Japanese cruisers are ready to intercept all retreat seaward.

Sung Kwei, the emperor's father-in-law, has reached Shanhaikwan, the place on the Gulf of Leaotong, where the road from Pekin touches. He takes the chief command, and will try to prevent the landing of a force of the enemy at this port, which possesses great strategic importance.

A serious split has occurred at Pekin between Mr. O'Connor, the British minister, and Count Casseni, the Russian minister.

Don't commit suicide on account of your "incurable" blood disease. The sensible thing for you to do is to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If that fails, why, then—keep [illegible] is, people get discouraged too soon. "Try try, try again."

DRESSMAKERS DIFFER

About fashions in dresses, but everyone agrees that the best foundation for any costume is the

"HEALTH BRAND,"

Black tights, which allow the figure to be shewn to perfection and do away with over-stockings, bloomers, and unnecessary skirts.

All ladies in Montreal wore them last fall and winter, and during the coming season nothing else will be considered, they were such a success.

Send for our illustrated catalogue, free by post, if your own dealer has not got them.

THE MONTREAL SILK MILLS CO., Montreal.

Something Substantial

Can be obtained at WEILER BROTHERS, in

ROCKING CHAIRS

The Best of the kind that money can buy. Come and prove it to your own satisfaction.

WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort Street.

PORTUGUESE IN AFRICA.

England, as Usual, Charged with Wishing to Extend Her Possessions.

London, Oct. 17.—A dispatch received to-day by the Pall Mall Gazette from Johannesburg confirms Reuter's dispatches in regard to the attacks recently made upon the Portuguese town of Lourenzo Marquez, Delagoa Bay, Southeast Africa. Nine Portuguese soldiers and two white women were killed in the attack Sunday. The Portuguese declined the offer of the Transvaal Republic to send 300 Boers to the assistance of Lourenzo Marquez, believing that it might not be easy to dislodge the Boers.

A dispatch to the Times from Berlin says the troubles at Lourenzo Marquez have created the greatest concern in Berlin. It is assumed that England intends to seize the occasion to extend her possessions northward along the coast of the Indian Ocean and possibly attempt to acquire the whole region belonging to Portugal. It is considered that Germany's interest in this region fully entitles her to compensation in the event of an extension of British possessions in that part of Africa.

Pure blood is absolutely necessary to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

The two hundredth anniversary of the incorporation of Attleboro, Mass., was celebrated to-day on an elaborate scale, the buildings being profusely decorated. The ceremonies consisted of music, parade by school children, addresses etc. The celebration continues to-morrow.

20 lbs. of Nestlé's Food

Your doctor will tell you it is the safest diet for baby

Nestlé's Food is invaluable in hot weather. Prepared for use with water only, all danger from using milk of tuberculous cows is avoided. If you have not used Nestlé's Food, send for sample and our dainty book, "THE BABY," both free of charge.

THOS. LEEMING & CO., 25 St. Peter St., Montreal.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses; producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 30,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed [illegible] COMPANY. DETROIT, MICH.

For sale by Langley & Co., Victoria. au27

HOTELS, ETC.

NOTICE.

The Hotel Victoria

Now being under the management of Mr. E. Escalet, is being conducted on strictly first-class principles. Everything being in first-class style, especial attention is paid to the cuisine. Every delicacy of the season will be supplied, while the stock of Wines is of the finest French Vintage.

OSBORNE HOUSE,

Cor. of....
Pandora and Blanchard Sts.

Thirty four nicely furnished sunny rooms with or without board. Please call, see our place and get our rates before going elsewhere.

W. ALLEN,
Prop.

818-1m

OYSTERS!

—AT THE—

LOUISVILLE OYSTER HOUSE,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE,

Recently Opened. First Class Style. Day & Night

Simpson, Strickland & Co

DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders.

TRADE MARK

SOLE MAKERS OF

Kingdon's Patent Machinery,

—FOR—

STEAM LAUNCHES,
ELECTRIC LIGHT and
AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE

First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. [illegible]erfelt, Gorge Road.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Hospital BALL....

The Fourth Annual Ball in aid of the funds of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital will be held at the

A. O. U. W. HALL, Yates Street,
ON WEDNESDAY, October 24, 1894.

PATRONS............
His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.
Admiral Stephenson, C.B., and officers of H. M. Fleet.
Col. Rawstorne and officers of R.M.A.
Col. Peters, D.A.G.
Col. Prior and officers of B.C.B.G.A.
Hon. Theo Davie, Premier of B. C.
His Worship Mayor Teague.

oct17-td H. M. YATES, Sec'y.

VICTORIA THEATRE

Tuesday... Wednesday, **October 23 & 24**

Gala Matinee Wednesday.

The Great English Comedy Success

Charley's Aunt

By BRANDON THOMAS. Management of CHARLES FROHMAN.

Phenomenal Comedy record: 300 Nights in New York, 150 Nights in Boston, 150 Nights in Chicago, and now in its third year in London, England.

Presented here by the great eastern cast, including the English actors who have made the comedy famous.

Night Prices: $1.50, $1.00, and 50 cents. Matinee Prices: $1.00, 75 cents and 50 cents. Seats now on sale at Jamieson's.

SAANICH FAIR

VICTORIA & SIDNEY R'Y

Will run trains

THURSDAY

Leaving at 9 o'clock a.m. and 5 o'clock p.m. Returning at 11 and 6 p.m.

FRIDAY

Leaving at 10 o'clock a.m. and 2 o'clock p.m. Returning at 12 and 6:30 p.m.

THE SECOND

Musical Evening

Will be given by the

Choir of St. Andrew's Cathedral,

—at—

INSTITUTE HALL, VIEW STREET,
ON THURSDAY, THE 18th INST.

Consisting of Songs, Duets, Trios and Choruses, followed by a laughable farce,

"MY WIFE'S SECOND FLOOR."

Admission, 25 cents. o16-3t

The Tie-Off !

Arrangements have been made with the C. P. N. Co. to run an excursion to

VANCOUVER ON SATURDAY NEXT

PER S.S. ISLANDER FOR

$1 VICTORIA TO VANCOUVER AND RETURN.

To witness the tie-off lacrosse match for [illegible] New Westminster teams.

The steamer will leave Victoria at 7 o'clock sharp on Saturday morning. Returning will leave Vancouver at 7 p.m. sharp.

Tickets will be on sale Tuesday at the office of the company and at various stores.

EVERYBODY GO!

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials.

FINE STAGE,
LARGE GALLERY,
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF,
PROPERLY VENTILATED,
ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

Open for engagements after 5th October next. ALSO TWO LARGE LODGE ROOMS.

Apply to G. Leiser, Thos. Haughton, J. D. Warren, Hall Committee.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

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VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,

Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynoecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tt

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.

Court Vancouver No. 5755, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,

No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,

No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN

Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASSFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C.

Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

REDUCED RATES!

Teeth Extracted - - - 50 cts
Children's Teeth - - - 25 cts
Plates - - - - - - - - - $15 00

Also Fillings at Rates to Suit the Times.

A. A. HUMBER, D.D.S.
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.
OFFICE: 93 1-2 Douglas Street, next to Oddfellows' Hall. aug18-tf

MUSICAL.

PROFESSOR GILES, Teacher of Piano and organ, is prepared to receive pupils. Special terms for children. Lessons given at pupils' homes if preferred. Residence, 50 Work street, Rock Bay. sep26-1m

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

LOST OR FOUND.

HORSE FOUND—Came to the premises of the undersigned, 220 Dallas road, on Sunday night, a large black horse, which owner can have by paying expenses. John Nicholles. o17-1w

EDUCATIONAL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK.

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
fe13 s.m.t&w 1y]

Autumn term begins MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Boys as messengers at District Telegraph, 24 Fort street. oct17-3t

WANTED—Ward maid. Apply to the matron of the Jubilee Hospital. oct16-tf

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply at 25 First street. oc16-tf

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—Work at evening entertainments to superintend tea and coffee; reasonable terms. Apply B. C., Times office. oct17 2t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Columbia River boat, length 25 feet, beam 7 1-2 feet, centreboard; large house which will accommodate four comfortably, suitable for hunting or prospecting; new stove with oven; oars, mast, new lug sail, anchor, chain, etc; is very fast, safe and in first-class condition. Owner having no use for her will sell for $100. Apply Wm. Christie, Telegraph office. oct16-1w

FOR SALE—200 acres near Alberni townsite; price reduced from $2,000 to $1,000, $400 cash, the balance 4 years at 7 per cent. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

FOR SALE—5-roomed house; convenient to the Douglas street car; price reduced to $850, $50 cash, balance to suit. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. o11

FOR SALE—Two black bears about six months old, male and female; very tame and well trained. For particulars address box 251 Nanaimo, B.C. sep20-1m

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—Lot 13 on Russell street, Victoria West; splendid view of the straits and close to the tramway. Apply to Ewen Morrison, Rock Bay Lumber Yard. s19-tf

FOR SALE—Three hundred acres of land, more or less, 50 acres cleared, drained and fenced and over 30 acres in grass and clover; log barn 30 ft by 90 ft, with sheds around; log house of five rooms; two acres of orchard and planted with a fine selection of all the best fruit; one acre in strawberries and other small fruits; 25 head of milk cows and young stock; 1 pure bred registered bull; 10 pigs; 2 work horses, wagon, harness and all farm implements; 50 tons of hay. A bargain if taken this month. Crown grant. Terms, $5,000 cash down; balance on terms to suit purchaser. Address A. B. C., Times office, Victoria. o5-2w

TO LET.

WANTED—To rent, an 8-roomed house, warm and with modern conveniences. Address, stating lowest rent and giving number and street, "Captain," Times office. o10-tf

TO LET—Rooms for light housekeeping at 63 Superior street. s14-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Light horse; must be cheap. Box 707, city. o17-3t

FRESH PORK SAUSAGES at the Ideal Provision Store, 64 Fort street. o17-6t

ASK YOUR GROCER or Telephone 241 for Paragon Safety Oil. o12

The Daily Times.

FALSE PREMISES.

It is easy to build up a strong case when one is not particular about the correctness of one's premises. This fact the Colonist abundantly illustrates today by seeking to establish a case for the N. P. upon a very rotten foundation. The first of its false premises is that in the time of the Mackenzie administration "business in Canada was in a worse state than that of the United States and other parts of the empire." That statement is most absurdly incorrect, as hundreds of thousands of people in Canada are well aware. Business in Canada in 1874-78 was not worse than in other parts of the empire, and was not so bad as in the United States. The Colonist further on asserts in regard to the late depression:

> But a period of depression came, darker and more general than that which checked business in the days while the Liberals were in power. How did Canada get through that period? Did she fare worse than her neighbors? Was the condition of Canada worse than that of the people of the United States, or Australia, of Great Britain or any other country of importance in the commercial world? It was not.

The late period of depression was not as severe as that of twenty years ago, nor was it so widely felt. In fact the Colonist is here advancing another false statement to bolster up a wrong conclusion. Even the United States has not been so severely shaken up in the last few years as it was in the dark days of 1876. Neither Canada nor Great Britain suffered to the same extent as the States in the earlier period, and they have both escaped more easily in the same proportion this time. It is quite fair to suppose that if Canada had not copied the pernicious fiscal system of the neighboring country it would have fared even better. If the Colonist hopes to make out a case for protection by falsifying facts that are matters of common knowledge its hopes are as poorly founded as its conclusions. But that is not all. It is now well known that in 1877 the Tory leaders, Sir John Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper, took up the protection policy just because the Mackenzie government refused to do so. If the government had said protection they would have said free trade, and Tupper was actually ready with a [illegible] protection in the event of Mackenzie and Cartwright declaring in its favor. A knowledge of this fact makes supremely ridiculous the effusions which Tory journals now feel it their duty to grind out in praise of the great N. P.

MR. MARTIN'S POSITION.

The Colonist says the report concerning Mr. Martin and the British Pacific is false, and that if the Times "had made enquiries of any reliable person at Kamloops it would have found that there was no truth in the Advertiser's telegram." But it so happens that the Times did make enquiries of a reliable person at Kamloops, and his answer was published yesterday alongside the News-Advertiser's dispatch. There was no reason for the Colonist losing its temper over what the Times did, and, as on many former occasions, our amusing neighbor's excessive touchiness completely "gives it away." The exact truth is that Mr. Martin had to give a distinct promise to the people of North Yale that he would oppose any further aid to the British Pacific in order to secure his election in July, and he has been obliged to repeat his promise now in order to secure re-election. What effect all this will have on the fortunes of the British Pacific or of the government we know not, but the facts are undoubtedly as stated.

THE BRITISH FARMER.

Again and again, no matter how often shown to be false, inspired by the hope that being ever continually repeated it may eventually come to be accepted as true, the same threadbare statement that free trade is responsible for all the difficulties of the British farmer is repeated by the Conservative press to bolster up the impotent and discredited idol of protection. The Colonist of the 13th instant quotes from an article in the London Daily Telegraph of the 26th September, which it says, "contains some facts which we venture to say Canadian free trade newspapers will not voluntarily lay before their readers." An examination of the alleged facts does not discover anything new in the way of information, nor any argument which will have the slightest influence in inducing any ordinarily well informed free trader of common sense or good judgment to change his opinions. The quotation referred to deals exclusively with the profits of wheat farming in England, and says among other things: "In simple words wheat has come to spell ruin to the British cultivator, who sees himself producing the staff of life at quotations that do not leave him a crust to nibble for himself. He is undersold by the cheap crops of Russia, India, America and the Argentine Republic, the last of which is the only competitor which, gold being at such a premium there, can still afford to go on sending grain into such a market. Cannot the dweller in town understand that it makes much difference to himself whether money goes out of England to buy foreign wheat or stays in the country to purchase it here? In the latter and happier case the cash circulates in a manner promoting general prosperity. In the former case it is as gold thrown into the sea, as far as the home country is concerned. The point has long ago passed when the artizan got his loaf cheaper because the farmer was underpaid. * * * * Have we then some remedy ready which will cure this perpetual sinking of the price of wheat? Frankly, none." Commenting on this the Colonist says: "Who would think that this piteous moan and this strong and bitter protest was made by a free trade journal in a free trade country and directed against the inexorable system of free trade? It seems to us that it is rather the want of courage than the want of knowledge that prevents the Telegraph from pointing out the remedy which it indicates very clearly in more than one place in the passages we have quoted." The Colonist speaks of the Telegraph as if it were an advocate of free trade principles and speaking with authority for British free traders who found that their principles disappointed them in practice. Those who are better acquainted with it speak of it as having that happy faculty which enables it to change its principles with a change of government, and to have supported with equal faithfulness Gladstone or Beaconsfield, whichever for the time being held power. This being the fact the political possibilities of the near future may influence its utterances quite as much as its devotion to the interests of the British farmer or its attachment to principle. But that aside, the case of protection must be desperate indeed when its advocates approvingly quote in its defence this self-condemning jumble of ignorance and stupidity. The British farmer, according to the Telegraph, is badly off because Russia, Canada, the United States and the Argentine Republic sell wheat cheaper in his free trade country than he can grow it. But this is not all; they sell it cheaper than they can afford to, which must mean that they sell it for less than it costs to grow and ship it. Now when a farmer is compelled to sacrifice his crop below cost to meet his obligations do men look upon his doing so as an indication of his prosperity?

If selling for less than he can afford to means ruin to the British farmer, how can the same thing mean prosperity for the Russian or American farmer? Russia, Canada, the United States and the Argentine Republic are protectionist countries, and if protection makes prosperity for farmers why is it that these protectionist countries must sell their wheat for less than they can afford to in the free trade market of England? But the Telegraph says there is an exception. The Argentine Republic can afford to sell its wheat in England because gold is at a premium in South America; or in other words gold is scarce there; the demand for it raises its value and a little English gold buys a great deal of South American wheat, and because the farmers of Argentina can get less gold for more wheat than the others they are better off. To say the least of it, the reasoning of the Telegraph in this case is a little peculiar, but it conforms exactly to a great deal of protectionist logic—and experience. The Telegraph, however, has made a new discovery—a premium on gold has more effect on the prosperity of a people than protective tariffs and all that is necessary to enable the Canadian farmer to escape the ruinous effects of selling his wheat for less than he can afford to in England is to shove gold up to a good premium here.

Now the Colonist tacitly admits that times might be improved even in protected Canada—why don't the protectionists take the hint? But the Telegraph has made another discovery. It says: "The point has long been passed when the artizan got his loaf cheaper because the farmer was underpaid." This should be looked into; the secret of making loaves as cheaply from dear wheat as from cheap wheat is not to be sneezed at. The British artizan no doubt has a shrewd suspicion that he can raise the price of wheat for the British farmer by shutting out foreign competition, but how to do it without making his loaf dearer is what he has thus far not been able to get through his head. The man who has found out how to do it will be a Godsend to Lord Salisbury when he forms his protectionist cabinet.

After having made these wonderful discoveries it is rather disappointing to see the Telegraph man resorting to the use of an old second-hand lie borrowed from the American protectionist school—that when grain or goods are exported they are paid for in money. A century ago Adam Smith in his "Wealth of Nations," made it perfectly clear that exports of goods are paid for in imports of goods, and since then his work has awaited in vain for a refutation. This year Manitoba will send from ten to fifteen millions of bushels of wheat to England, and last year British Columbia sent canned salmon and sealskins to the value of millions of dollars there and the men who shipped this stuff live right here and in Manitoba. Now why does not the Colonist trot out some one of these dealers who has received from England a bale of English bank notes or a bushel or two of "British gold," in exchange for salmon or sealskins or wheat? But the exportations of Canada are only as a drop in the great ocean of British importations. The British islands do not and never did vast annuals shipments of gold to the Telegraph reasoning they have been ruining themselves for half a century by vast annual shipments of gold to the gold-producing countries, which they might as well have "thrown into the sea." The Colonist has been telling its readers for the last two years of the steady decline of the gold reserve held in the United States treasury, and pluming itself with pride on the fact that the English-hating Yankees were unable to stop the drain of gold across the sea to enrich "perfidious Albion." Now the Americans during the same period have sent to British markets probably over a hundred millions of bushels of wheat. Will the Colonist explain to us how the gold and the wheat in this case go in the same direction? And that this has been going on for the last fifty years any man of common sense can easily see. Since 1849 the United States has been one of the great gold producing countries in the world. England never did in its history produce from its own soil more than a few ounces, and that after fifty years of gold-producing in the United States gold is scarce there and plenty in England is proof positive that gold is being continually shifted from the country where it is produced to the one where it is not. Is it any wonder that even after its "piteous moan" the Telegraph dare not offer for the consideration of the British people the theory of protection, which can only be supported by such reasoning. The Colonist editor does discredit to his good sense and ability and insults the intelligence of his readers by laying before them this borrowed rubbish. He does vastly better when he trusts to his own powers, and he must not be surprised when Canadian free trade newspapers refuse to follow his example and "voluntarily lay before their readers" quotations which are so much lacking in "courage," in knowledge and in good sense.

INTRA MUROS.

MANUFACTURING AND CHEAP MONEY.

To the Editor: One hears much about manufacturing interests and that Victoria should become a great manufacturing centre, etc., etc. The sooner we recognize the fact that such a desirable state of affairs is very remote the better. If the possibilities of our becoming a great manufacturing centre were all equal, there is one thing sure to debar us from establishing permanent paying industries, and that is the rate of interest demanded by our moneyed people. As an example: The English manufacturer obtains his loans at 3 per cent., or even less, per annum, therefore how is it possible for our local struggling industries to thrive when they if they wish to borrow are compelled to pay four times the English rate of interest? It is true that there are few that pay this rate of interest, simply because we have few industries, and the chances of establishing industries and making any part of British Columbia a manufacturing centre is an impossibility until we have cheap money. Money for manufacturing purposes at English rates of interest should be the move made both by the government and by the people of this province. If instead of getting in poor crofters and a general influx of poor people cheap money were brought into the province and the government were to lend its aid to secure such an important measure as the inducement of some of the English cheap capital that goes begging at present in England then you would see an era of prosperity here that would be permanent and latsing.

PROGRESS.

Victoria, Oct. 17.

"THE WANT OF THE TIME."

To the Editor: Such is the subject upon which the editor of the Colonist, some few days since, addressed the public in one of his leading articles, in which he suggests the people should be better educated and be taught to think, so as to be protected from fallacies and fads that are continually deluding them. Whether to attain this desideratum it meant they should read, mark and inwardly digest the intelligence poured forth every day in the Colonist he does not say. But be that as it may, his advocacy of "better education and being taught to think" is all very fine talking, but how can those who get their bread by the sweat of the brow, and who form so large a portion of the community, attain to it? Say, for instance, the man who goes to his daily toil at 7, working till noon, getting an hour for dinner, again to toil till 5 or 6; this talk of better education and being taught to think may serve to fill up the space devoted to leading articles, but it amounts to just nothing, as it is as impossible for a whole community to be intelligent as it is for them to be all wealthy, and more especially that large portion of it whose life may be summed up "in the rising to labor and the lying down to rest," consequently there will be the necessity of another leader from the Colonist to show how "this better education and being taught to think" that he advocates can be obtained, as in the meantime it is incomplete and worthless.

JUNIUS.

Fall Prices

For Men's and Boys' Clothing at Russell & McDonald's.

Condensed Dispatches.

By a boiler explosion in the apartments of Hermann Bassuk to-day in New York three persons were badly scalded.

The jury in the case of Mrs. Monroe, of Chicago, against the New York World, returned a verdict of five thousand dollars for publishing her world's fair ode without her permission

Between disease and the many cheap preparations which are palmed off under the name of blood purifiers, take your chance with disease, until you can procure Ayer's Sarsaparilla—the only reliable blood purifier. Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicine.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures

Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises,
Chilblains, Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

"CORONAS," $4 per doz.

Former price $7, and a large

"CRAYON," $1.00.

"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—The sewerage commissioners will meet on Monday evening.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. •

When ordering Flour ask for Lion Brand. Lion! Lion! Lion!

—Plain cocoa mats, bordered cocoa mats, skeleton cocoa mats and every other kind of mat at Weiler Bros. •

—Court Emery, No. 371, will meet this evening in the hall of the court on Fort street. It is a special meeting and a good attendance is desired.

—Mrs. Annie E. Dalley, wife of Henry Dalley, died yesterday at Jubilee hospital after a long illness. The deceased was a native of Buckinghamshire, England, and aged 35 years. The funeral will take place on Friday morning.

—P. McDonald drove over James Bay bridge at a rapid rate, while the streets by-law says the teams shall cross at a walk. That is different, and in the police court this morning Mr. McDonald was adjudged guilty of an infraction of the by-law and fined $5 by Magistrate Macrae.

—Tickets for the lacrosse excursion may be purchased at the following places: E. A. Morris, tobacconist; C. E. Jones, druggist; Davidson Bros., jewelers; Dean & Cryderman, druggists; Cochrane & Munn, druggists; the Colonist office, at the C. P. N. company's office, or from members of the Victoria lacrosse club.

—Victoria West lodge, No. 29, I. O. G. T., held its usual meeting last night and had a good attendance of members and visitors. Six candidates were proposed for membership. On Saturday evening, the 20th inst., a grand concert will be given by this lodge, under the direction of Professor H. L. Francis, at Semple's hall, Craigflower road.

—The following series of enjoyable evenings have been arranged by the Ladies' Aid of the Centennial Methodist church: Wednesday, October 24, social entertainment; Wednesday, November 21st, Thanksgiving entertainment; Wednesday, November 12th, children's entertainment. A very choice programme is being arranged for each evening.

—The annual exhibition of the North and South Saanich agricultural society was opened to-day, there being a large attendance from the city. To-morrow the Victoria & Sidney railway company will run two trains to accommodate those who wish to attend. The first will leave at 10 a.m. and the second at 2 p.m., returning at noon and 6.30 p.m.

—The Conservative club elected the following officers last night: President, E. Crow Baker; vice-presidents, W. Fisher, Metchosin; George Deans, Richmond road; D. R. Ker, W. H. Ellis, A. J. McLelland and George S. Russell; secretary, A. S. Potts; corresponding secretary, B. H. T. Drake; treasurer (by acclamation), T. B. Hall; executive committee, the above named officers and N. Sabin, E. A. Lewis, James Hillier; Chas. Hayward, William Jensen, D. M. Eberts, A. E. McPhillips, John Nicholson, James Baker and H. D. Helmcken.

—News has been received of the death in London of J. J. Southgate, formerly a prosperous merchant of Victoria and largely interested in this city. The death occurred on October 4th at Esquimalt villa, the residence of the deceased. Mr. Southgate came to Victoria in 1860, and for a long time was the contractor for supplying the navy with provisions. He built the business block at the northwest corner of Government and Fort streets and was also interested in other property, all of which he held at the time of his death. The deceased spent some time in Victoria about three years ago.

—But four of the Victoria sealing fleet are still at sea. They are the Beatrice, Fawn, Rosie Olsen and Shelby, and by to-night very likely the Fawn will be at her berth, as she was signalled off Carmanah point at 11 o'clock this morning. The Beatrice is supposed to be in one of the ports on the west coast, but it is not known whether or not the Shelby and Olsen have made the coast yet. The W. P. Hall, Captain Brown, will winter this year at Yokohama, and is believed to be back at that point by this time. It is not likely that she will ever again make Victoria her headquarters.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—Teeth extracted, 50c. each. Dr. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas street. •

Lion! Lion! Lion! Nothing like the Lion Flour.

—Skene Lowe has just finished a splendid photograph of the Star lacrosse team.

—H. M. S. Satellite leaves on Saturday at daybreak for the south to relieve the Nymphe.

—Weiler Bros. have opened up a line of inexpensive rocking chairs. These goods are strong and very effective for the money. •

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—The Liberal association will meet to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock in the rooms at Philharmonic hall. The meeting will be an important one.

—Come early, come often, come prepared to be pleased. We disappoint nobody who is looking for the latest novelties in Millinery at the Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street.

—The crew of H. M. S. Pheasant leave a week from to-morrow for England via the C. P. R. The Champion will take the old crew to Vancouver and bring down the new crew.

—The bluejackets of H. M. ships Royal Arthur and Satellite marched out to Craigflower via Esquimalt and Craigflower roads this morning. Captain Trench, of H. M. S. Royal Arthur, was in command.

—J. Lodetta had some trouble with H. Norman and kicked a hole through the door of Norman's house. He was arrested for maliciously destroying property, and in the police court this morning was fined $6, and $6 costs for the repairing of the door were added.

—Life is worth living, provided you do not live for yourself alone. If you wish to make it really enjoyable let your friends know that Partridge of the Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street, is going out of the mantle trade and is offering Capes, Jackets, Ulsters and Waterproofs at reduced prices, as he needs the room for his millinery department.

The Lion Brand of Flour. Cheapest and best. Try it once; use it always.

—Stick George, an Indian, who was caught buying a revolver on Store street two days ago by Constable Kavanaugh, was fined $5 by Magistrate Macrae this morning for carrying a concealed weapon. J. Lukov, who sold him the revolver and failed to keep a proper record of the sale, was fined $5 for not doing so. He was fined under section 106 of the criminal code, 1892, and it was very likely the first case of the kind ever brought up here.

—It is understood that the imperial government has obtained from Mr. Stewart, of the Hatley park farm, the right to take water from the stream that runs through that property. It is said that the amount to be paid for fifteen years is eight hundred pounds sterling. The water is considered the very best in the district and has always been used by the navy. It is presumed that the government thought it advisable to obtain the right to take the water for a number of years on account of the large increase there will be in the forces when the fortifications are finished.

—Constable Redgrave saw J. Kelly, a suspicious character, carrying a step ladder along Government street last night. He called to Kelly, who instantly dropped the ladder and fled. The constable caught him and placed him under arrest. It was learned later in the day that Kelly had stolen the step ladder from a saloon keeper named Charles Tulk. Kelly was convicted at the hearing before Magistrate Macrae this morning and was given three months with hard labor. This is the same Kelly said to have been mixed up in the Phoenix park murders as an informer a decade ago.

—The sealing season of '95 may be truthfully said to be young yet, but there are owners who are already arranging for their Indian crews. The latter, it seems, are going to be quite popular next year, perhaps for economy's sake and because the [illegible] in the sea. There have been cases where Indians have been induced to leave schooners after they had signed and gone aboard, but a prominent owner said this morning that he was satisfied that a contract would be adhered to. There are only enough crews of good Indians to man a small fraction of the fleet, and there will likely be some lively competition.

—The funeral of the late R. Williams, M. A. (Cantab.), will take place to-morrow (Friday) at eleven o'clock a.m., from the Reformed Episcopal church. Mr. Williams was for a number of years a member of the public school examining board, and also took a leading part in the Reformed Episcopal movement. Though a scholar and a gentleman, he was a man of extremely retiring habits; for which reason, perhaps, it was that he was somewhat overlooked in the distribution of favors. It is hoped there will be a good attendance of friends and acquaintances at his funeral, as well as of the choir and congregation; and the more as he has no relatives in the country to pay the last tribute of affection to his remains.

Fall Prices
For Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Capes. A nice line of fashionable sample capes at Russell & McDonald's.

Seal Teeth!

Jewellery of all kinds in fine gold and beautifully finished is what Pennock & Lowe, the Jewellers, are making a speciality of just now. 63 Government St., next Spencer's Arcade.

—There will be a special meeting of the city council this evening.

—Why cough, while Bronchial Balsam cures coughs and can be obtained at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street? •

—Tickets for the hospital ball can be purchased at Hibben & Co.'s, Jamieson's and Challoner & Mitchell's, and also from the ladies' committee.

—Mrs. A. T. Watt is lecturing at St. Ann's convent this afternoon, continuing her series on celebrated literary people. Marion Crawford is the subject of to-day's lecture.

—There was quite a transaction in liquor out at the mouth of the harbor this morning. Billy Daily sold Charles Lewis, an Indian, a bottle of 'squaw face" gin. In the provincial police court this afternoon Daily was fined $50 and Lewis $25. Sergeant Langley and Constable Hutchinson made the arrests.

—The directors of the agricultural society met last night but did not take any final action as to accounts. Votes of thanks were tendered to the teachers and pupils of the public schools, the societies, city council, citizens' committee, board of trade, the press, the steamboat and railway companies and the Tacoma chamber of commerce, for assisting in making the exhibition a success.

—The choir of St. Andrew's cathedral will give a concert and farce at Institute hall this evening. The programme is below:

PART I.

1. Chorus—"Blow, blow thou Winter Winds" ....R. J. Stevens
Choir
2. Vocal duet—"The Wounded Soldier" ....C. A. White
Misses A. Dolan and M. Stewart.
3. Song—Ballero ....Cotsford Dick
Mrs. F. Lang.
4. Song—"A Winter Story" ....Watson
Miss C. Goddyn.
5. Vocal trio—"Hark! Apollo Strikes the Lyre"..................Sir Henry Bishop
Messrs. Lang, Sehl and Lombard.
6. Vocal duet—"Convent Bells"......Dolan
Misses S. McNiff and M. Stewart.
7. Chorus"Oh, the Flowering Month of June" ....W. Jackson
Choir.
8. Trio—Selection, two mandolins and piano
Misses E. Sehl, D. Sehl and Frank Sehl.
9. Piano duet—Valse Lente....Ernest Gillet
Miss A. Fox and Mrs. C. A. Lombard.

PART II.

"MY WIFE'S SECOND FLOOR."

Captain Topheavy	F. K. Sehl
Mr. Felix Toddle (an artist)	J. Bullen
Jawb Close	J. Mellon
Tim (a porter)	Master C. E. Lomberd
Mrs Topheavy	Miss L. C. Lombard
Miss Fanny Maylove	Miss E. Wilson
Mrs. Douney	Miss M. Stewart

God Save the Queen.

Fall Prices
For Winter Dress Goods at Russell & McDonald's.

IDENTIFIED AFTER MONTHS.

Was Wm. Henley's Body Found at Clover Point Three Months Ago?

It has just been learned that the headless body found on the beach at Clover point three months ago was that of William Henley, who was drowned in Sooke river several weeks before that. After the body was found a Mr. Kingsbury, who knew Henley, positively identified it by the clothing, but owing to a misunderstanding did not go to the inquest. It was only yesterday that the facts stated were reported to the police. At the time every possible effort was made to secure the identification of the body. Descriptions of the clothing were given to the press, but no one came forward.

Henley, it will be remembered, left the E. & N. train at Goldstream and started for his home at Leach river. He disappeared on the way, and it was supposed at the time that he fell into Sooke river at a point where the trail crosses, about eight miles from the mouth. Those who know the Sooke river, with its falls, cascades and obstructions, would hardly believe that a body would be carried down it that distance, but nevertheless it seems that such is the case. It was William Losee who was interested in the search for Henley, who brought the case to the notice of the police.

Fall Prices.
For Boots, Shoes and Rubbers at Russell & McDonald's.

PERSONAL.

J. D. Prentice, M.P.P. for Lillooet, is in the city.

S. Perry Mills leaves for the Sound tomorow night.

W. H. Clarke and wife go to Tacoma to-morrow night.

J. A. Cohen and wife leave to-morrow night for Tacoma.

Rev. S. Cleaver returned from the Mainland last evening.

William Lawson is a convalescent after four weeks' illness.

Fred Fell and family will be among the excursionists to Tacoma.

C. E. Handy, of the San Francisco Examiner, is at the Driard.

H. D. Helmcken, M.P.P., will leave England for Victoria on October 28.

A. H. Scaife and A. E. McPhillips returned from Vancouver last night.

Harry Austin is back from a two weeks' trip to Sooke. His trusty rifle brought down some big game.

John W. Tulloch, contractor, of Haddington Island quarry, and Mrs. Tulloch are at the Dominion hotel.

James J. Carden, receiver and accountant-general of the English Postoffice department, was in the city last night.

Walter Chambers returned a few days ago from the east. He visited New York, Washington, Toronto, Niagara Falls and other points, enjoying the trip very much.

Manchester House . . .

88 YATES STREET.

Great Reduction Sale of
Mantles, Jackets, Dress Goods, Staples, Etc

Ladies' Cloth Jackets, Braid Trimmings..	$3 85
Ladies' Serge Jackets, Braid Trimmings..	4 50
Ladies' Serge Jackets, Braid Trimmings..	5 85
Ladies' Ulsters from..................	3 00
Children's Ulsters from..................	2 50

DRESS GOODS

7 yards Double Width French Serge for..	$1 95
6 yards All-Wool Hop Sacking for	3 90
Extra Heavy Serge, 52 inches wide, per yd	85
Plaid Dress Goods, 52 inches wide, per yd.	50
8-4 White Sheeting, per yard...........	22½cts
9-4 White Sheeting, per yard...........	27½cts
8-4 Grey Sheeting, per yard...........	20 cts
Grey Flannel, per yard...............	15 cts

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
A Choice Selection of the Latest Styles in HATS, BONNETS, TRIMMINGS, Etc.

MANCHESTER HOUSE. - T. HAUGHTON & CO.

A Shower!

The big drops in prices which we have been telling you about have settled into a steady downpour.

Some of the Shower:

Boys' Suits from $1.90.
Youths' Suits from $4.00.
Men's Suits from $5.00.
Men's Underwear, $1, $1.25, $1.50 $2.00.

These are Great Values!

Men's Mackintoshes from $6.00. Great value
Umbrellas from 50 cents up.
What's the matter with 6 pairs of Socks for $1?

N. B.--It's CASH We Sell For.

W. J. JEFFREE.

The Golden Rule Clothing Store, Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

COAL & WOOD---REMOVAL.

W. WALKER

Has opened an office for the Sale of Coal and Wood in No. 15 Market Bl'd'g, End of Broad St. Orders filled with our usual promptitude. TERMS CASH

☞ Telephone No. 466. ☜

LIME SEED OIL.

An Article Whose Virtues Are Strangely Lost Sight of.

The Vossische Zeitung has an interesting article on lime seed oil, pointing out that it is not sufficiently utilized. "More than a hundred years ago the importance of the fine sweet oil made from the seed of the lime trees was mentioned, but no attempts were made to procure this oil on a large scale, and later on the matter was forgotten. A few years ago lime seed oil was, as it were, discovered for the second time, and the experience then acquired justified great importance being ascribed to the industry. Lime trees blossom so abundantly every spring, and produce such a multitude of seeds, which fall to the ground in autumn, that it would be easy to collect large quantities under every lime tree avenue. The seeds possess 58 per cent. of oil, and are in this scarcely surpassed by any other [illegible] the cocoa-nut and the hazel nut. The percentage of other important oil-yielding seeds is far less. The oil of the lime tree seed, which can be pressed in all sorts of ways, is distinguished by a beautiful clear color and fine taste, has not a trace of bitterness or aromatic flavor, and may be justly compared to the finest olive oil. It never becomes rancid and can be left exposed to the air in open vessels without the slightest change in taste or state of preservation. It is an oil that does not dry, and has not the least inclination to combine with oxygen. It is therefore not only valuable as a food oil, but also for industrial appliances. It does not freeze at any degree of cold temperature known to us, and is not changed at even 21 degrees centigrade. It is remarkable that this valuable oil seed has not been more utilized, for it would not be difficult to find the proper places for finding the seed in quantity and collecting it cheaply. The lime tree produces the same enormous quantity of seed almost every year, and therefore there would be no stoppage in the regular manufacture of the oil."

—The sealer Libbie, Captain Fred Hackett, returned from the west coast this afternoon. Captain Hackett reports that there are several schooners in the straits, so it is likely that all of the fleet will soon be home. The schooners Triumph and Sapphire returned from the west coast yesterday.

Fall Prices
For Millinery, Furs and Mantles at Russell & McDonald's.

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.	
Allan Line, Numidian	Nov. 3
Allan Line, Parisian............	Nov. 10
Dominion Line, Vancouver.........	Nov. 3
Dominion Line, Oregon............	Nov. 10
Beaver Line, Lake Nepigon.......	Nov. 7
Beaver Line, Lake Superior.......	Nov. 14
From New York.	
Cunard Line, Lucania............	Nov. 3
Cunard Line, Etruria............	Nov. 10
White Star Line, Germanic........	Nov. 7
White Star Line, Tuetonic........	Nov. 14
American Line, Paris............	Nov. 7
North Ger. Lloyd, Elbe...........	Nov. 3
North Ger. Lloyd, Lahn...........	Nov. 6
Red Star Line, Pennland..........	Nov. 3
Red Star Line, Noordland.........	Nov. 7
Anchor Line, Anchoria............	Nov. 3
Anchor Line, Circassia...........	Nov. 10
Allan State Line, California......	Oct. 26
Allan State Line, Nebraska........	Nov. 22

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.

Last Day of Inter-State Fair.

Saturday, October 20th, is the last day of the Interstate fair at Tacoma. On Friday night the steamer City of Kingston makes a round trip rate of $2, good until Sunday morning, October 21st, at 8 o'clock. Tickets now on sale at the office of the N. P. R. R. Co.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent N. P. R. R. Co.

Fall Prices
That cannot fall any lower; they are out of sight; nothing visible but the goods at Russell & McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

PARADISE OF THE PACIFIC.

The Hawaiian Island Republic as It Appears to the Visitor From the North.

Honolulu and Its Cosmopolitan Population—The Political Situation.

Hawaiian politics, since the overthrow of the native government of the islands, have received considerable space in newspapers and periodicals, but little is known by the average reader of the manners, customs and institutions of the Hawaiians, and perhaps less of the industries of this volcanic group. Situated south of the Tropic of Cancer, between latitudes 18 and 22, are eight small islands, Hawaii, Maui, Oatru, Kanai, Malokai, Sanai, Nulian and Kahoolawe, which once formed the domain of the Kamehameha dynasty, but now the flag of the Hawaiian republic floats to the breeze from the capital city of Honolulu.

A visitor to the islands will be much disappointed if he goes there with the idea of finding trouble. The city of Honolulu, the only settlement of any size, is as quiet as the average American or Canadian town, and, in many respects, is far more orderly. Business has long since resumed its wonted activity, and there are indications that an era of prosperity and progress is not far distant. On the south of the island of Oahu, one of the smallest of the group, is the capital city of Honolulu, hidden from view by the luxuriance of tropical foliage. It is nine miles from Diamond Head, the signal station, past which all steamers and sailing vessels direct their course. A few miles past Diamond Head passengers aboard a steamer can see the pilot's boat pulling out. The boat is manned by eight able bodied Kanakas, who know how to row. The pilot aboard, the ship is steered through a somewhat narrow channel to the wharf, and a unique and pretty sight is seen by the northerner. On the wharf are hundreds of people waiting with eagerness the arrival of the steamer. They are nearly all dressed in white, both men and women. Twined in the dark tresses of the Waihinas, or native women, are garlands of native flowers. Around their waists and extended over their shoulders they wear bands of evergreens, while on their necks are necklaces of flowers of sweet perfume. With such floral pieces they decorate a resident of the islands who is returning to his native soil or the land of his adoption.

Splash! splash! and loud cries are heard. Ladies on board look pale and think some one has fallen overboard. No so. Twenty or thirty native boys of ages ranging from six to sixteen are in the water swimming towards the boat like so many frogs. The movements of their dark limbs can be plainly seen through the blue and limpid waters. A nickel! a nickel! they cry. Passengers throw overboard nickels. There is a helter-skelter till they reach the place where the nickel has disappeared from view; their heads are seen down and heels in the air as they simultaneously go under the water, to rise again in a few seconds. The boy who has secured the nickel shows it to the passengers, puts it in his mouth, and they all cry out for more. This performance of throwing nickels overboard and seeing the boys dive for them is generally kept up till the boat is docked. The amphibious youngsters reap a rich harvest and the passengers see what is to most of them a novel and interesting spectacle.

If you are not supplied with firearms you soon pass the customs officer and have a chance to see the natural beauties of the town. Firearms are taken from you, but are restored again upon application for a permit from the marshal.

Honolulu is situate on a tract of almost level ground; it has well macadamized streets, fair sidewalks, and buildings that would do credit to any town of similar size and population. The streets are narrow, but are kept clean; they are often tortuous, and consequently seem a little odd to a man from the American continent, who knows more about straight lines than curves in thoroughfares. The architecture is Mexican, British and German. The public buildings and places of worship are of a superior order. The Iolani palace, the ex-queen's residence, and now known as [illegible] ture, cemented, of pretty design, and cost in the neighborhood of $340,000; it is 140x100 feet and 84 feet high, having two stories and a basement. There are forty rooms. The interior furnishings are of kou and koa (native) woods. The grand staircase and picture gallery are especially attractive. In the picture gallery are a number of fine masterpieces, portraits of the members of the once reigning dynasty, and of prominent men, many of whom are now counted with "the great majority." The Alualaui hall (government house) is a less pretentious building, but nevertheless a pretty structure. In it are the supreme court rooms, legislative hall and other government offices. In a well kept grass plot, surrounded by tropical foliage, is a life sized bronze statue of the late Kamehameha I., a ruler much beloved by all his subjects. The queen's hospital, erected by the late Queen Emma, at a cost of $40,000, is a well appointed institution, where patients receive the best treatment. It is surrounded by beautiful grounds. The Honolulu Library association has a building of its own and its shelves contain ten thousand volumes. The opera house is nearly a copy of the Bush street theatre of San Francisco, and seats a thousand persons. The prison looks like a fortress or castle of the middle ages, as it stands isolated from the rest of the town on the reef barrier, from which it is familiarly known as "the reef." It has one hundred cells and its structure dates back to 1857. The Oahu college is a higher educational institution, having a superior curriculum, and the Kamehameha schools for boys and girls would rank favorably with any Canadian pedagogic institution. Beautifully laid out grounds surround these institutions. The Bernice Bishop museum contains valuable South Sea Island relics, specimens in the various natural sciences peculiar to the group and a quantity of interesting historical data. Honolulu can boast of a good fire department; the chief and assistants are well paid. The efficiency of this branch of the public service has more than once saved the town. In the matter of lighting this little city of "the paradise of the Pacific" is not behind the times; the arc light is used for street lighting and the incandescent lamps are in a large number of houses. A delightful treat to a Victorian is a cup of good water. The water supply of Honolulu can certainly be called good; the water is soft, contains no mineral matter and is as clear as crystal; neither are there leeches nor tadpoles indigenous to the water supply.

The entire population of the islands fall short of one hundred thousand, and the number of pure whites may be set down at less than one tenth. The Chinese and Japanese are a strong element. They number twenty thousand, and control a very large portion of the retail business of the place. Portuguese are there in large numbers, and there are colonies of Americans, British, German and French. Add to these the native Kanaka, and you have quite a cosmopolitan city. Labor is performed by the Chinese and Japanese, but recently the number of Portuguese laborers has materially increased. The Kanaka also works, but he is somewhat indolent, and takes life more on the come-day-go-day principle. Ordinary manual labor on the plantations is paid from $15 to $20 a month, the laborer to find his own board. No American, Britisher or German is ever thus employed; the salary is obviously too small, and even if a white man would accept the position he would not long be able to "hang out" upon the food which the Chinese, Japs and natives thrive and grow fat. A white man must work on the Hawaiian islands with his brain as well as his hands. Mechanics and clerks receive a good wage, and have this advantage over their American confreres: they are not able to spend their money, since there is no place to spend it on the plantations. Circumstances here are a good incentive to thrift, and the savings bank accounts of many men show that they have learned the lesson that a penny saved is a penny gained. Speaking of labor, it may be stated that within the last year or so the influx of skilled labor has been greater than the demand, and the result has been that numbers have come to the country with great expectations which have not been realized, have soon left again, and have spread abroad a bad impression of the place and its business future, wholly unjustified.

Till recent years, and one could almost say up to the present time, sugar has formed the only article of export, but a change has been inaugurated. Coffee and rice are now being more extensively cultivated. The Kona coffee, grown here, is already well known by its excellent flavor, and a decade will not pass before the revenue from this beverage will add considerably to the private wealth of the cultivators and to the general welfare of the islands. Fruits are being grown with greater attention, and the demand is steadily increasing. The crown lands have been parcelled out by the government, who are deeding it in tenure only; the terms and conditions are easy and are calculated to induce cultivation. Carneigre is the name of the shrub that is now in great demand; it has been cultivated with great success in California, Mexico and Bolivia, and experiment has proved that the climate of the islands of the Pacific is peculiarly adapted to its production. Its cultivation requires little or no previous skill; attention is the only prerequisite. The seed is spread in the fall, or rainy season, and arrives at maturity early in the spring. The following warm months it ripens, and is picked and exported. Delivered in Austria or Germany it is worth $75 a ton and in England $50. From this product is extracted an oil that is invaluable in the preparation of leather articles. It renders them smooth and pliable. There are those who think that [illegible] up considerable on this score. But sugar is still king, and the Hawaiian knows this. Out of sugar hundreds have made fortunes, and scores more expect to do the same. The Democratic legislation in the United States is watched with much interest, and news of the sugar markets of the world is the best of news. The Hawaiians do not want free sugar; they are operating under a special treaty with the United States and sugar passes in free. If sugar goes up, so much the better.

Not a mite of telegraph line is stretched on the islands. There is very little need of the telegraph. Outside of Honolulu, the settlements, all of which are of minor importance, can be counted on the fingers of one hand. The telephone here serves the purpose; it is in nearly every business house in Honolulu, and most residences are "on the wire." In Honolulu it is quite the fashion for the good housewife to save the trouble of running down to the grocer or the butcher, who, bye the bye, are all Japs or Chinese; she 'phones her order with greater expediency and a less amount of physical exertion. The telephone wires are not stretched in Honolulu only. For 120 miles away you can be heard with great distinctness, and, thanks to an excellent system and good management, the second commandment is never transgressed by patrons, nor do the beads of perspira-

"When I was a Boy,"

Writes Postmaster J. C. Woodson, Forest Hill, W. Va., "I had a bronchial trouble of such a persistent and stubborn character, that the doctor pronounced it incurable with ordinary medicines, and advised me to try **Ayer's** Cherry Pectoral. I did so, and one bottle cured me. For the last fifteen years, I have used this preparation with good effect whenever I take

A Bad Cold,

and I know of numbers of people who keep it in the house all the time, not considering it safe to be without it."

"I have been using **Ayer's** Cherry Pectoral in my family for 30 years, with the most satisfactory results, and can cheerfully recommend it as being especially adapted to all pulmonary complaints. I have, for many years, made pulmonary and other medicines a special study, and I have come to the conclusion that **Ayer's** Cherry Pectoral occupies a position pre-eminent over other medicines of the class."—Chas. Davenport, Dover, N. J.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Prompt to act, sure to cure

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House.

SPECIAL VALUES IN FLANNELS AND BLANKETS

GREY FLANNEL ...	12 1-2 cents a yard
SCARLET FLANNEL ...	25 cents a yard
WHITE FLANNEL ...	25 cents a yard
WHITE BLANKETS ...	$2.25 a pair
GREY BLANKETS ...	$2.00 a pair
BED COMFORTERS ...	75 cents each
WHITE QUILTS ...	90 cents each
42-INCH DRESS SERGES ...	25 cents a yard
DRESS LINING ...	three yards for 25 cents
FLANNELETTES ...	15 yards for $1.00
CANTON FLANNEL ...	14 yards for $1.00
CRASH TOWELING ...	Pure linen, 12 yards for $1.00

J. Horner & Co.

83 DOUGLAS STREET.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government Street.
Private entrance on Pandora Street.
Business strictly confidential.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,
Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING,
Manager.
C. A. CARLETON,
General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. [illegible]	No. 2. Passenger Fri's, Sat's & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	Miles from Victoria.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 1. Passenger Fri's, Sat's & Sundays.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncan's or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic and Popular Route to the East. Running through Sleepers and Tourist Cars to

MONTREAL,
BOSTON,
TORONTO,
ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLIS,

WITHOUT CHANGE

For rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Agent,
Victoria, B. C.
Or to
GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. & Pass. Agent,
Vancouver, B. C.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER **JOAN**

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria .... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox .... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo .... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria .... Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdes Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria [illegible] Store street.

HONOLULU, by O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, October 27th, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer

Monowai..Thursday, October 18th, at 8 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.,
General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER,
District Agent.
G. E. CONNON, Agent,
Bastion Square, Victoria.
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER,
Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

City of Puebla - - - Oct. 20

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. D. STEEVENS,
General Agent,
No. 72 Government Street.
F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

RUNS

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To

St. Paul,
Minneapolis,
Duluth,
Fargo,
Grand Forks
Crookston,
Winnipeg,
Helena and
Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED			Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
18 knots			S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1147
8 30 pm	Lv	MI	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B.C.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

Boys' School Suits, $1.50, $2 $2.50 upwards; Boys' Overcoats, $3, $3.50, $4 upwards; Boys' Rubber Coats, $1.50 each; Boys' Reefer Jackets, $2, $3.50, $4; Men's Fine Overoats, $7, $8, $10 upwards; Men's Winter Suits, $6.75, $8.50, $10 upwards; Men's Tweed Pants, $1.75, $2, $2.50, upwards; Fine Underwear, per suit, 75c, $1, $1.50 upwards.

Melissa and Rigby Waterproofs, Mackintoshes, Umbrellas, Etc., in great variety. See the Socks we are showing at 12 1-2c per pair.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., 97 Johnson St., Victoria.

tion attest the tribulations of a man trying to ring up central for twenty minutes without success. Comparisons need not be drawn. Honolulu has no sewerage system; the people claim that they do not yet require sewerage, and the reasons are these; the soil of the islands has been formed by volcanic erosion, and the rock is of porous formation, so the sewage finds easy access to the earth. However, there is a thorough system of scavenging, all the debris being cremated. The general health of the city is good.

Transportation in the Hawaiian islands can truthfully be said to be in its infancy. There are two lines of boats running between Honolulu and the islands; they are well built and good seaworthy craft, but it is not often that their seaworthiness is tested, the waters generally being calm and the trip a delightful one. When one of these steamers start for the outer islands, twice a week, there is considerable stir at the wharf. The Kanakas going to the plantations generally form the majority of the passengers; they laugh and talk loudly, bedeck themselves and their friends with flowers and leave port amid cheering and waving of handkerchiefs. The scene is reminiscent of a Miss'ssippi river boat and the "darkies" in the old days. Eighteen miles of railway are in operation on the island of Oahu, from Honolulu to Ewa (pronounced Eva) plantation, the second largest plantation on the islands. The work of making a circuit of this island by rail is about to be begun; the railway when completed will be [illegible] hundred miles in length. The contract let to Charles Peck, of Seattle, calls for completion in two years. The bark Oakland is on her way from the Sound with material to be used in construction; she is expected daily. On the strength of the railway there has been a rush of labor; some have secured employment, but as the undertaking is a mere bagatelle when compared with the construction of an American railway, and as only skilled white labor is wanted, many have again shipped for the port whence they came. A good electric tramcar service is what Honolulu badly needs, and it is on a fair way to secure it. C. G. Ballentyne, the real estate man of Victoria, has been in Honolulu three months in the interest of an electric car service; he holds the power of attorney for several British Columbia capitalists, and has succeeded in getting a bill for a franchise through a second reading before the Advisory Council. The capital stock of the company is placed at $650,000, and it is proposed to operate over 15 miles of electric railroad by the returnable trolley system, using 50 pound rails. The bill will likely not be heard of again till after the elections on Oct. 29, and the assembling of the legislature, the first one under the Republican administration. The leg'slature may not meet for three or four months. Two Honolulu men have been interested in the scheme and their prestige is likely to ease the passage of the bill. Honolulu is not without street cars, but they are away behind the times. The cars are drawn by mules, whose quiet and rythmical jog is calculated to send a man to sleep.

Life at Honolulu is taken rather easily. The citizens are early risers, the mosquitoes being a good alarm clock. Business houses are open before 8, but the day's labor ceases at 5. There is no twilight, and night falls like a curtain. Crowds attend the free band concerts on the public square, Emma and Thomas, where the best of classical music is listened to under the shade of beautifully laid-out grounds. The musicians are paid by the government. There are two bands, Berver's and the Hawaiian; they are both good. The latter is composed of 45 pieces and it is a musical treat to hear them perform. Upon the arrival and departure of boats the band plays at the wharf, the grand finale being the national air of the country whose flag the boat flies. Surf-bathing at Waikiki, a pleasant outskirt three miles from Honolulu, is much indulged in. The drive to Waikiki is through avenues lined with palms and cocoanut trees. The water is warm all the year round, and the shore is of a soft fine sand. A goodly number of private residences are erected along the beach. A bath van may be hired for a dressing room at the nominal figure of 25 cents. The climate of the islands is very uniform. The heat in [illegible] mometer in winter never drops below 60 degrees. The daily variation is not more than twelve or fifteen degrees, and the temperature is often stationary. No poisonous reptiles or insects are found on the islands. The banana, yam, sweet potato, bread fruit, cocoanut, sugar cane, ohelo (berry), ohia (juicy apple) are indigenous to the islands, while the imported fruits, melons, limes, guavas, pines, grapes, peaches and tamarinds, grow abundantly. Small crops of wheat, the only cereal, are cultivated. Rice yields good crops. In the line of game are wild geese, snipe, plover and wild duck. The bonita, flying fish, cuttlefish, shark and eel represent the piscatorial kingdom. The pearl oyster also abounds.

The natives are all civilized, but still retain many of their old superstitions and customs. They are a physically well developed race and are generous to a fault. A white man is welcome to share with them their frugal meal or to stay for shelter under their rude roofs. Poi is to the Kanaka what porridge is to the Scotchman; they eat it at almost every meal. It is a very starchy food and is made from the taro root. The taste is like cornstarch, with a certain [illegible] not very pleasing. The love of this dish is an acqu'red taste, and there are [illegible] does the average American of oatmeal. The natives like roast pork. Its preparation is peculiar. After the pig is killed it is washed and cleaned, and baking stones, the size of hens' eggs, heated red hot, are put into the porker. It is then bound up in banana leaves and native foliage and the whole is covered with soil to retain the heat. When going on a picnic the porker is placed in the vehicle, and, arrived at the destination, is ready for eating. The influence of the Kahunas (native priests) has entirely died out. Not many years ago these priests "named" a man and he died whether he wanted to or not. Such was the mental influence exercised that a Kanaka cursed by priestcraft would shut himself up, refuse to eat, pine and die. At Fiji only two weeks ago several similar cases were reported. The Fijians are of the same family as th Hawaiians and there customs and habits are alike. The Presbyterian, the Congregational and the Roman Catholic churches have done noble work among the Hawaiian natives, and the average Kanaka is now mentally and socially far superior to the North American aborigines.

For an American lady to smoke would be considered a serious infraction of the street social code. Hawaiians think differenty and the practice of smoking among females in general. That a woman can ride astride horseback with grace and feminine gentility, the Hawaiian fair sex practically prove. They are good horsewomen and hold themselves like the guards in the stirrups. There is no distinction of color in the islands; the Japanese, Chinese and Kanakas are many of them among the upper ten of Honolulu. The Chinese are, as a class, superior to their brethren on the Pacific coast. They and the Japs have almost the entire retail of the place. The white men are mostly in the wholesale business, the professions and skilled callings. The Waihina (native woman) frequently marries with the Chinaman, who invariably makes a good husband. An incident was observed on the street car the other day, amusing to an American. The car bell rang, the mules ceased their jog, and a stylishly dressed Waihina with satchel in hand walked to the car attended by a Chinaman, who assisted her up the steps, bowed, took off his hat and the car again started. The native lady recognized a white lady, there was an exchange of courtesies and they soon began talking about styles and dresses and even politics. The white lady was a well-to-do merchant's wife, and the Waihina was the wife of the polite John Chinaman, who by thrift and perseverance had saved a competence and married a waihina of social standing.

The Hawaiian language consists of twelve letters. Many of the words are formed of vowels alone, and accentuation is often important. A classical student who has studied Latin after the Roman (or continental) pronunciation can read Hawaiian with the same ease as he can the Æneid of Virgil, or the orations of Cicero. Learning the language comes easy. It is spoken by all the old residents with the same familiarity as is Chinook by the old timer of British Columbia.

The scourge of the island is leprosy. Much has been written of the leper colony of Molokai, and the name of the late Father Damien, the apostle of the lepers, is known the world over. In his footsteps are following two noble men of the Roman Catholic priesthood, Father Vandelin, of the order of the Sacred Heart, and Father Conrady, a Franciscan, formerly of Oregon. These priests are assisted by fifteen Sisters of Charity in ministering to the victims of that fatal and loathsome disease. The lepers are ministered to both spiritually and temporally by these devoted religious men and women, and everything is done to divert the minds of these unfortunates from their awful fate, and make the remaining few years of life happy and joyous. The board of health has recently been taking active measures to suppress the spread of this disease, and a considerable sum has been set aside with the object of effecting a cure of what has up to the present baffled all the master minds in the medical world. There are now 1,500 lepers on this island. The religious people who have attended them have none of them contracted the disease, and one of the life-sacrificing women has been there over ten years.

The political horizon is far from cloudy. The question of the restoration of Queen Liliuokalani has become a dead issue. Two of the royalist newspapers still continue to agitate, but the fact that the editor of the Bulletin, the most influential loyalist journal, has taken the oath to the new republic is regarded as a sign that the cause has been abandoned. The government is decreasing the number of its militia and [illegible] not nearly so much work for the secret police service. The question that promises to come to the front is whether the islands shall remain a republic, or strive to seek annexation to the United States. A number of leading men are of opinion that Hawaii can manage her own affairs very nicely, but there are others who believe that it is safer to be under the wings of the American eagle. To prognosticate one way or the other at the present time is impossible. The period for the registration of electors expired a few days ago, and the number on the register have passed expectations. Considering the fact that the franchise is not permitted the Chinee or the Jap the showing is good. In truth these Asiatics do not care one way or the other; they are after the Almighty Dollar and they are making wonderful progress in its accumulation.

A cursory description of the Hawaiian islands would be incomplete without a mention of the volcano of Kilauea, the largest active volcano in the world. It is situate on the island of Hawaii, and is about 200 miles from Honolulu. It is three miles in diameter, and its almost perpendicular walls range from 300 to 600 feet high. It is non-explosive, but incessant action is going on; the lava and steam can be seen bubbling forth and often the molten stream overflows the brinks of its cone and pours down like a stream of water. A very good road has recently been constructed from the small settlement of Hilo to the volcano and when the volcano is not too active travellers can approach within a close range and look down into its large basin, when a sight is seen that would require a chapter to do justice to. Not far from the volcano is a well-appointed hotel. The journey can be made without any great fatigue. The subterranean salt water lake, the Pali or gulch in the mountains where it is always raining and cloudy, and the Nuuanu Valley country surrounding Honolulu are sights that the visitor should not miss. To see life in a sugar plantation is also a novel experience, and the conchologist can make delightful trips into the country and collect specimens of shells exceeding a thousand different varieties. Taking all in all, perhaps the winter time is the best for the northerner to visit the country, as the thermometer then stands at ordinary temperate zone summer heat and there are cool and refreshing rains.

COFFEE WON THE RACE.

How a Maine Horse was Able to Defeat a Strong Competitor After All.

At the midsummer races in Augusta, Maine, an exciting race took place between [illegible] famous son Haley and a well-known flyer named Gen. Briggs. Haley was suffering from pink eye, and after winning two heats lost two, but was saved by being given a quart of coffee, which his owner thought was a better and safer plan than the usual drugging with whiskey, which is held to be dangerous.

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN,

BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

BLACKBIRDER RETURNS.

Schooner Emma Claudina Back From the South Seas.

Port Townsend, Oct. 17.—The schooner Emma Claudina, which has been engaged in "black-birding" in the South Seas this summer, has arrived at Tacoma from Honolulu to take a cargo of lumber for San Francisco. The vessel carried one hundred natives from the Pennant Islands to the Fanning group where they had been engaged by contract to work on the copra plantations and in guano deposits for a period of three years. Other natives whose contracts had expired were taken home. The islanders receive very small monthly wages.

UNUSUAL CONCESSIONS.

Granted to Princess Alix of Hesse on Her Joining the Greek Church.

Berlin, Oct. 16.—The Kreuz Zeitung says that Princess Alix of Hesse has obtained concessions from the Russian holy synod such as no princess in like position ever before secured in embracing the orthodox faith. The princess will not declare her former religion accursed, nor state that her conversion is due to conviction, and that the truth lies not with her own but with the Russian church. It is added that the holy synod will be satisfied with a simple declaration that the princess joins the Greek church in order to be of the same religion as her future husband.

When Others Fail

Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the shattered system by [illegible] vigorous action to the digestive organs, creating an appetite and purifying the blood. It is prepared by modern methods, possesses the greatest curative powers, and has the most wonderful record of actual cures of any medicine in existence. Take only Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. 25c.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Of land described in mortgage registered at Victoria in Charge Book Vol. 12, folio 189, No. 15,050 B, part of sub-lot 61, Fernwood Estate, Victoria, B. C. Tenders for purchase to be sent to the undersigned on or before the 24th instant. The highest tender for the principal, interest and expenses will be accepted. E. M. Johnson, Agent for Mortgagee. Address P.O. box 188, Victoria, B. C. oct17-6t

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Office: 90 Johnson St.

MUNICIPAL.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Herald Street between Government and Douglas Streets is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

October 2nd—tf.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
oc8-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Yates street from Langley to Wharf is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order.
E. A. WILMOT,
oc9-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
oc9-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Langley Street, from Courtney to Fort Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

[illegible]

NOTICE.

Courtney Street, from Wharf to Langley Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

LEGAL NOTICES.

RE JOHN GILMORE'S ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia in the matter of the estate of John Gilmore, and in an action, Beaven and Yates v. Ellen Gilmore, the creditors of John Gilmore, late of Nicola valley, B. C., who died in or about the month of January, 1894, are, on or before the 31st day of October, 1894, to send by post, prepaid, to Messrs. Bodwell & Irving, of 21 Bastion street, Victoria, B. C., the solicitors of the plaintiffs, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorarily excluded from the benefits of the said order.

Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Honorable Mr. Justice Tyrwhitt Drake at his chambers in the court house, Bastion square, Victoria, on the 9th day of November, 1894, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, that being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated the 29th day of September, 1894.

HARVEY COMBE,
Deputy Registrar.

Sept. 29-td.

NOTICE.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Of portion of Suburban Five Acre Lot Eight, bounded as follows: Commencing at a point on the east side of Quadra street 80 feet distant from the northeast corner of Quadra and North Park streets, thence northerly along the east side of Quadra street 60 feet, thence at right angles easterly 90 feet, thence at right angles southerly, 60 ft. thence at right angles westerly 90 ft. to the point of commencement, together with two-story dwelling thereon known as 129 Quadra St. under power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage dated the 15th day of September, 1890 and registered in Charge Book Vol. 9, Fol. 242, No. 9,424B, at the Land Registry office in the city of Victoria. Tenders addressed to the undersigned are requested for the purchase of the above described property up to 12 o'clock noon of Wednesday, the 31st day of October.

Terms Cash.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Victoria, October 1st, 1894.

J. ST. CLAIR BLACKETT,
oct2-1m Agent for Mortgagee.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act and amending Acts, notice is hereby given that by indenture dated and executed on the 28th day of September, 1894, by George L. Simpson, of 94 Douglas street, in the city of Victoria, merchant, the said George L. Simpson granted and assigned his real and personal property to W. H. Bone, of 69 Government street, in the said city of Victoria, bookseller and stationer, in trust for the creditors of the said George L. Simpson. W. H. Bone executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 28th day of September, 1894. All persons indebted to the said George L. Simpson are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith to the said trustee, and any person having any claim against the said George L. Simpson must send proof and full particulars of the same to the said trustee within one month from this date, after which the said trustee will distribute the assets of the estate, having regard only to the claims so sent in. A meeting of the creditors will be held on Thursday, the 4th day of October, at 2:30 p.m., at the office of the undersigned. W. H. Bone, of Hibben & Co., Assignee, 69 Government street.

sep28-1m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Bowness, deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake, bearing date the 5th day of October, A.D. 1894, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of Thomas Bowness, late of the city of Victoria, deceased intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 5th day of November, A.D. 1894, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

[illegible]
oct8-1mo Official Administrator.

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th day of January, 18[illegible] unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-td

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B. C., as No. 14,547 B in Charge Book vol. 11, fol. 881, tenders will be received by the undersigned not later than noon on the 16th of November, 1894, for the purchase of sections 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 of the easterly 50 acres of section 9, and the easterly 75 acres of section 10 in range 4, Comiaken District in Vancouver Island, containing in all 825 acres more or less. [illegible] sarily be accepted.

Dated October 15th, 1894.

LINDLEY CREASE,
16 Chancery Lane, Victoria, B.C.,
Solicitor for the Mortgagee. o16-1m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals.

THE RING.

SULLIVAN'S GOOD RESOLUTION.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17.—John L. Sullivan last night summoned a party of newspaper men to the theatre where he is playing and talked. He said: "Al Johnson has offered to back me for $20,000 a side to fight the winner of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons battle, and I think I will go in for it." The champion added: "I quit drinking last Sunday for good, and I am going to be a different man. Then I'll fight anybody that comes along. I am only in the theatrical business for the time being." Sullivan was 36 years old on Sunday, and to celebrate his natal day he swore off from liquor drinking.

PEDESTRIANISM.

NOT YET TOO OLD.

New York, Oct. 17.—On a private wager of $1,000 made by John Chamberlain with a New York broker, Edward Payson Weston, the well-known veteran pedestrian, is going to try to demonstrate that he is not too old to walk about 40 miles a day for twelve consecutive days. He will start from Newburg on Monday next and his route will follow the line of the West Shore railroad to Albany, thence through the Mohawk Valley to Syracuse, thence to Binghampton to Port Jervis, completing the task at Middletown on Saturday, November 3, a distance of 468 miles.

THE WHEEL.

LOWERED THE RECORD.

Sacramento, Oct. 17.—Otto Zeigler, of the Rambler team, lowered the world's one-mile bicycle record to-day from 1:50 3-5, which was made at Waltham, Mass., September 28, by J. S. Johnson, to 1:50 flat.

YACHTING.

DUNRAVEN'S NEW YACHT.

Gourock, Scotland, Oct. 17.—It may now be taken for granted that Designer Watson has the lines all out for a cup challenger for 1895, and just now Henderson Patrick is preparing to see Lord Dunraven and talk the matter over with him. On most reliable authority the statement is made that Lord Dunraven decided that his first Valkyrie, which measured 70 feet on the water line, the yacht with which he challenged three years ago, was hardly large enough for his all-round purposes, consequently his idea was to challenge this year with an 80-footer. He held strongly to this notion until a little more than a month ago, when he learned that Fife had an order for a boat over 90 feet, and that James Gordon Bennett's new boat would turn out to be a 90-footer. In the latter event he saw but little chance for an 80-footer on the other side to win the cup, and, being bound by his own precedent, which allowed all American boats available for the defence of the cup to be counted in again, he said he desired to go to the limit of length and build a 90-footer, thus asking no favors of the New York Yacht club as to the length. In fact, there are many people who believe that Watson himself prefers a 90-footer to a 70-footer.

The work on the boat will be commenced at once, and the challenge may be sent a little ahead of the official required time. Watson will say nothing about his new order, except that she will no doubt go across and try for the cup. It goes without question that, as in the case of the Thistle, an atempt will be made to build her in secret. In building a 90-footer, Lord Dunraven has gone to the limit of the new deed of gift, and consequently will have no fear of existing boats.

LACROSSE.

MORTON'S CASE.

To the Sporting Editor: The president of the Victoria Lacrosse Club in this morning's Colonist states that the writer of the letter in last night's Times was actuated by a desire to vent some malice on Mr. Morton. So far from that being the case, I believe Mr. Morton to be a badly used man in connection with the game of lacrosse. My sole desire was to see that no quibble or protest could be made against our team. If Mr. Morton is qualified, by all means play him in the great game on Saturday. Mr. Ellis states that every member of the team that will be on the field on Saturday will be duly qualified to play. I am glad to be assured of that, but if there is a shadow of a chance to protest anyone or anything it will be done, and everyone knows how the protest will be settled before a hostile executive. However, as the team has been finally decided upon, let every man, woman and child that loves the game and wishes for the success of the Victoria boys, go to Vanvouver on Saturday, no matter whether the club wins or loses, or whether [illegible] honors of championship will be theirs if they defeat their opponents.

A MEMBER OF THE V. L. C.

THE WESTMINSTER TEAM.

New Westminster, Oct. 18.—George Coldwell, the goal-keeper for the Westminster lacrosse team, has decided to remain here, and will play on Saturday. The team for Saturday will be the same as usual, except that Patterson, of the Moonlighters, will take McQuarrie's place.

THE TURF.

TO WINTER IN CALIFORNIA.

George Byrnes has decided to send his string of horses to California for the winter. They will very likely be seen in some of the events there during the racing season. There is really no inducement for an owner of horses to winter his animals here, as there is no racing and they will find better weather further south.

Duke of Cambridge fine old Scotch Whisky is simply perfection. Guaranteed 15 years old.

[illegible] positive cure. Soothing, cleansing, healing.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Monsignor Satolli arrived at Quebec on Tuesday morning and was received at the station by Monsignor Marois, the grand vicar, and Abbe la Pouquette and conducted to the cardinal's palace, where several bishops were assembled to greet him. Subsequently his grace visited Cardinal Taschereau and presided at a lecture on theology in the seminary, being afterwards entertained at a banquet in the seminary.

William Everett, aged 17, a London photographer, scratched a pimple while he had a photographic chemical on his hands. Blood poisoning resulted and he died Tuesday. His body became covered with large blotches that changed color from black to red.

[illegible] in the Continental hotel at Madoc and caused a loss of [illegible].

J. O. Proteau, the French-Canadian school teacher of Lafontaine, has been drowned while fishing.

At the Patrons' convention of South Leeds S. S. Starton of Sand Bay, was nominated candidate for the House of Commons.

At the Crossley and Hunter revival services in Pembroke over four hundred persons have professed conversion.

Robert Thompson, a Napanee cheese buyer, who has been ill for the past few months, jumped from a two-story window in Kingston and received injuries that will probably prove fatal.

The Bank of Montreal has declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent.

TUPPER EVIDENCES.

To the Editor: The speech of Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper delivered at North Bay, which appears in the Colonist this morning under the head of "Evidences of Laurier's Incapacity," is more remarkable for what it conceals than what it reveals. It is of the usual scrap-book type and similar in style to his letter to "My Dear Prior," which was not intended for publication. The minister of fisheries would have been much more entertaining had he indulged in statistical references regarding his own party, and dwelt upon the Hon. Mr. Foster's curious antics during the recent session. This would have made interesting reading. Sir Hibbert might have told us what it cost the country to secure his return from Pictou. He might have mentioned the amount of money wasted upon the Oxford Short Line and upon the Pictou siding. He might, also, have mentioned that the Tupper family are drawing the nice little sum of $40,000 annually from the public chest. There are lots of reminiscences of this character. He might have mentioned the Caraquet railway swindle, which rescued Kennedy F. Burns from the verge of bankruptcy, and made that honorable gentleman a rich man at the expense of the Canadian taxpayers and the British investors whom the Hon. K. F. Burns deliberately betrayed. There are numerous little items Sir Hibbert might have touched upon as evidences of his own incapacity and the incapacity of his patriotic colleagues. For instance, I might mention:

The Harris land purchase, St. John, (steal)	$ 100,000
The Tay canal (waste and boodle).	343,000
McGreevy, Connolly & Co., (stolen and boodle)	700,000
Senecal's commission on printing (boodle)	50,000
Little Rapids lock (waste and boodle)	250,000
Curren bridge (steal)	270,000
Sheik's dam (waste and boodle).	125,000
St. Charles branch I. C. R. (stolen)	1,000,000
Hard Pan Cape Breton Ry. (steal)	272,000
Galop Rapids Channel (waste and boodle)	568,000
Oxford Branch, which Sir Hibbert's father declared would shorten the I. C. R. route by 40 miles, but which only shortened it 2, and which was wasted to secure Sir Hibbert's return for Pictou	1,000,000
The Pictou siding—a sop to the faithful in Pictou county (waste)	200,000
Two revisions of the voters' list under a useless franchise act within two years	450,000

These few items given at random represent nearly $6,000,000 stolen from the people within a few years, but the minister of fisheries carefully abstained from mentioning them.

It is somewhat singular that during his administration of the department of fisheries Sir Hibbert has succeeded in jeopardizing the fishing industry of the country whenever he undertook to meddle. The lobster packers of the Atlantic, the salmon packers of the Pacific, the fishermen on the great lakes, the steamboat owners in New Brunswick, all have a lively recollection of the disasters they have suffered [illegible] of Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, minister of [illegible].

CHABLIS-SHIRAZ.

Victoria, October 17th.

THE HIGHEST AWARD.

Royal Baking Powder in Strength and Value 20 Per Cent. Above Its Nearest Competitor.

The Royal Baking Powder has the enviable record of having received the highest award for articles of its class—greatest strength, purest ingredients, most perfectly combined—wherever exhibited in competition with others. In the exhibitions of former years, at the Centennial, at Paris, Vienna and at the various State and Industrial fairs, where it has been exhibited, judges have invariably awarded the Royal Baking Powder the highest honors.

At the recent World's Fair the examination for the baking powder awards were made by the experts of the chemical division of the Agricultural Department of Washington. The official report of the tests of baking powders which were made by this department for the specific purpose of ascertaining which was the best, and which has been made public, shows the leavening strength of the Royal to be 160 cubic inches of carbonic gas per ounce of powder. Of the cream of tartar baking powders exhibited at the Fair, the next highest in strength thus tested contained 133 cubic inches of leavening gas. The other powders gave an average of 111. The Royal, therefore, was found of 20 per cent. greater leavening strength than its nearest competitor, and 44 per cent. above the average of all the other tests. Its superiority in other respects, however, in the quality of the food it makes as to fineness, delicacy and wholesomeness, could not be measured by figures.

It is these high qualities, known and appreciated by the women of the country for so many years, that have caused the sales of the Royal Baking Powder, as shown by statistics, to exceed the sales of all other baking powders combined.

THE BREADMAKER.

How One City Girl Succeeded in Earning a Good Living.

Breadmaking sometimes pays better than more ambitious work. A bright girl in an interior city recently found it so. After being brought up in comfort and well educated, she was left almost immediately at the end of her school days dependent on her own resources. She was an "accomplished" young woman, but her accomplishments were all amateurish. Not one of them would be taken seriously enough by those about her to enable her to make a comfortable living. She tried teaching music. The few children in the neighborhood whom she could get as pupils gave no sufficient income, and she had neither the reputation nor the ability to command the attendance of more advanced pupils. Then she tried a dancing school. The hall was rented and furniture secured, but before the dancers were fairly started on their lessons the demand for ready money broke up the enterprise.

The next turn was to a cooking school. Surely there were lots of girls about who would be glad to have her tell them how to make angel cake and to can peaches. She had learned how to do these things in Boston "just for fun" in her prosperous days. So she asked them to come and see her exhibit her cooking abilities. But nobody came. Then the girl went home in despair.

She had a little room in a quiet boarding house. There she sat down to think over her troubles. Maybe she had a good cry; she doesn't say anything about that. At any rate, if she did she got over it, and began to do some serious planning, and very soon some serious work. Nobody seemed to want her to tell them how to do things. Perhaps they would like to have her do things herself.

So she went to the woman in whose house she lived and begged the use of the cellar kitchen to work in. This was good naturedly granted. The girl went to work there to make some Boston brown bread. She was sure she could make better bread than was sold by any baker in that town. When a goodly number of delicious looking loaves were ready for market she wrapped them up neatly and carried them about from house to house, leaving them as free samples, together with an addressed postal card and a notice that bread like the sample could be obtained by the use of the card.

More postal cards came back to her than she had dared to hope, and within a few days she was doing a "rushing business." There was no denying the fact that she made good bread—much better than that the bakers sold—and everybody who tried it and who liked brown bread at all accepted her as their brown bread purveyor.

Still her ambition was not satisfied. She wanted a more regular demand for her goods, and here is where she found it. In that town, connected with a large store, is a restaurant—quite the fashionable place, indeed, for lunching, high in favor both with women shoppers and busy lawyers. She convinced the managers that she could give them better bread than they were getting, and they were as anxious to have the best bread as she was to have their money. So they engaged her to supply their tables, and before long they showed appreciation of a good thing by paying ten cents a loaf, when the bakers only charged eight cents.

The contract with the restaurant still holds good, and in addition one or two of the city clubs use her bread. The cellar kitchen—for its owner is proud of the girl's achievement and still lets her work there—now has an almost constant fire, and in the corner are barrels of flour, and boys with barrows have taken the place of the girl with her armful of loaves. Just how much are her profits it wouldn't be fair to tell. She has a right to her business secrets, but she isn't having to put off paying her board bill any more, and she wouldn't change places with any dancing school teacher she knows.—New York Tribune.

A strange story is told about the probable fate of two of the crew of the fishing schooner John M. Keen, which arrived in Boston recently. On the afternoon of September 29, John Matheson, of Boston, [illegible] Halifax, went out in a dory to haul trawls. Soon after they had pulled away from the vessel they harpooned a swordfish, which towed them out to sea. Probably the big fish proved too much for the men, for they did not return to the vessel, and, although they may have cut loose from the fish and been picked up, the captain of the Keen has heard nothing from them. Their chances were made worse by the fact that on the morning of September 30 a heavy gale was blowing.

A painting by Rubens was discovered in a London auction store the other day by an expert. It was a grimy, dingy old canvas, 28 1-2 by 40 1-2 inches, but the unmistakable idiosyncrasies of the master hand stuck out all over the ancient daub. Concealing his amazement at the discovery his eyes revealed, the finder inquired in an indifferent way the price wanted for the old picture, and the dealer had no sooner said $10 than he had the money in his hand, and the stranger had the canvas. A professional cleaner was intrusted with the picture next, and when it emerged from his hands it was a glory of color and magnificent composition, a veritable master piece, estimated to be worth not less than [illegible].

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